THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,696—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
20th July.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
27th ,,	EGYPT	8000	...	...
3rd Aug.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
10th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
17th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12431
24th ,,	HIMALAYA	7000	...	...
31st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
7th Sept.	ARABIA	8000	...	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE	7000	MEDINA	12336
21st ,,	ARCADIA	7500	...	...
28th ,,	SALSETTE	7000	MALWA	10883
5th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	...	...
12th ,,	SALSETTE	7000	MOOLTAN	9621
19th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
26th ,,	*MALOJA	12431	MACEDONIA	10500
2nd Nov.	INDIA	8000	...	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE	7000	MOREA	10890
16th ,,	ARABIA	8000	...	...
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	7000	MARMORA	10500
30th ,,	MEDINA	12336	...	...

* This vessel proceeds to London via Malta, and Passengers for Marseilles transfer at Port Said to the S. S. MACEDONIA.

All the above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting **Steamer** at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER, **on day of sailing.** All passengers must attend **at that place** at 1 P. M. for medical inspection by the **Health Officer** of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the **Mail Steamer.**

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of **Fares,** Sailings, &c., **gratis.**
BAGGAGE	**Shipped and Insured.**
PASSENGERS	**Met on arrival.**

CALCUTTA : **GRINDLAY & Co.**

LONDON : **GRINDLAY & Co.**

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE).

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1912	Due Bombay about 1912	Leave Karachi about 1912	Leave Bombay about 1912
City of Paris	9200	.....	...	20 July†	.....
City of Manchester	5551	.....	...	23 July	.....
City of York	7802	.....	...	31 July*	.....
Newby Hall	4388	.....	20 July	10 Aug.	.....
City of Poona (Twin Screw)	8500	.....	4 Aug.	24 Aug.	.....
Trafford Hall	3391	20 July	13 ,,	2 Sept.	.....
City of Glasgow	5521	30 ,,	22 ,,	12 ,,	.....
City of Athens	3594	8 Aug.	31 ,,	20 ,,	.....
City of Lahore	5875	21 ,,	13 Sept.	3 Oct.	.....

NOTE.—All the above steamers have second-class accommodation except the s. s. Trafford Hall. The Newby Hall is "H" class.

* Calling at Port Soudan. † 30 days leave run.

AUTUMN SAILINGS TO BOMBAY FROM LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1912	Continental Call about 1912.	Due Bombay about 1912
City of Calcutta	7512	29 Aug.	Naples..... 6 Sept.	21 Sept.
City of Paris	9200	19 Sept.	Marseilles.20 Sept.	9-10 Oct.
City of Birmingham	7800	28 ,,	Naples..... 6 Oct.	21 Oct.
C. of Marseilles	8800	3 Oct.	.....	26-27 Oct.
City of Poona	8500	16 ,,	Marseilles 23 Oct.	7-8 Nov.
Trafford Hall	3391	23 ,,	Marseilles31 Oct.	16 Nov.
City of Athens	3594	31 ,,	Naples.....6 Nov.	23 Nov.
City of Karachi	5566	8 Nov.	Marseilles16 Nov.	3 Dec.
City of Benares	6973	30 ,,	.....	23 Dec.
City of Paris	9200	11 Dec.	Marseilles, 18 Dec.	3-3 Jan. 1913

FARES.	1st class Single	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

JOINT SERVICE

in connection with

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained.

Through Bookings to AMERICA in conjunction with the Cunard LINE.

For passages and full particulars apply to :—

Bombay :—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi : Messrs. Forbes Forbes Campbell & Co., Ltd.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers. Tons. Sailing. Date. Time. Route via.
Dumra... 1695 Thurs. 18th July 9 a.m.
Lhasa ... 2184 Friday 19th July † 6 a m. direct.

† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH

(Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra" 1695 tons, on Thursday, 18th July, calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Barala," 3200 tons, on Wednesday, 17th instant, calling at Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, on Thursday 8th August, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 20th July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
16th July, 1912.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Trieste	5095	N. Ivancich	1st Aug
Habsburg	3979	G. Gillhuber	1st Sept
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st Oct
Semiramis	3399	A. Bilaffer	16th Oct
Habsburg	3979	G. Gillhuber	1st Nov

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

FIRST CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 500	
To Trieste or Venice and back	,, 750	
To London via Trieste	,, 579	to 644*
To London via Trieste and back	,, 903	,, 1033*

SECOND CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 350	
To Trieste or Venice and back	,, 525	
To London via Trieste	,, 429	to 449†
To London via Trieste and back	,, 633	,, 723†

* Fares according to class of Railway.
* Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450	
To Trieste or Venice and back	,, 675	
To London via Trieste	,, 529	to 594*
To London via Trieste and back	,, 832	,, 963*

* Fares according to Route and class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE

Steamer	Tons	Captain	To sail about
Austria	7590	D. Cosulich	6th Aug.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

E. STUPARICH,
Acting Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.
52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following Steamers will SAIL :—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail on or About
a Konig	4900	von. Holdt	17th July 1912.
b Kamzler	3000	Schapp	2nd August 1912.
Markgraf	3680	Jantzen	17th August 1912.
b Praesident	3310	Schutt	2nd Sept. 1912.

a Twin Screw Steamer.
b Will call at Seychelles.

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN, and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN, and CAPE.

For Rates and Particulars Apply to

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.
24, Meadow Street, Bombay 10th July, 1912.

CEMENT

HAETON BRAND.

GUARANTEED BEST

English quality.

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,650,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES,

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Iloilo
Madras	Malacca	Hongkong
Rangoon	Kwala Lumpor F. M. S.	Canton
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.)	Foochow
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Amritsar	Bangkok	Tientsin
Delhi	Batavia	Hankow
Penang	Pakat	Yokohama
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.	Sourabaya	Kobe
	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the abov Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays 10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

RUSSO ASIATIC BANK.

Capital (Full Paid)	Rbls.	85,000,000 = say £3,690,000
Capital (subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Government) Kouping Taels	,,	8,500,000 = say £ 455,000
Reserve Fund	,,	19,500,000 = say £2,055,000
		£6,200,000

HEAD OFFICE :—ST. PETERSBURG.

LONDON OFFICE :—64, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askhabad	Hankow	Paris
Bakou	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokhara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchwang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other Branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts opened and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent per annum on balances up to Rs. 1 lac, above that by special arrangement. Fixed Deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security and all description of Banking business transacted.

H. S. BENNER,
Acting Manager.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP..... £400,000
RESERVE..... £ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE :—16 Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongkow
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Mahacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yiolio

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

ENGLISH CLOCKS.

DECORATIVE

A general impression prevails that the manufacture of English Decorative and other house clocks has practically ceased because British workman do not choose to compete with the Continental and American machine made clocks most of which are turned out like buttons, made of wood and wire and are worse even than the old fashioned Dutch. This belief is wrong as there still exist in England many conservative clockmakers who have doggedly persevered through all viscisitudes brought about by the cheap machine made article, to hold their own in the High Class Hand-made English House and other clocks. From the excellent traditions of the past, there is no doubt that the English Clocks are the finest exponents of the "clockmaker's Art and Mystery." It is for this reason that the English article maintains its first position against all competition. Built on the most scientific lines and sound construction and holding the highest character in public opinion for what is generally known as "remarkable finish," the English clocks demonstrate their pre-eminence in accuracy in time-keeping and in their durability. A hundred years of satisfactory usefulness is not too much to expect from an English Clock of any description. This supremacy is now so well acknowledged that Continental manufacturers endeavour to imitate them and even catalogue them under English names.

CHIMING

The old fashion of adding chimes to clocks has greatly revived in the last few years and this revival is specially associated with the English House Clock in imitation of the Great Westminster Clock whose hour bell weighs 13½ tons and is 9 feet in diameter and the quarter bells measure from 3 feet 6 in. to 6 feet diameter the large and weigh from 78 cwt to 21 cwt. The bells cost £6,000 and the Clock Rs. 4,080 or a total of Rupees 1,51,200 in Indian money.

BRACKET

The chimes in English House Clocks are carefully and musically tuned to one another and they give forth not only a pleasing correspondence of sound but a flood of rich music in absolute harmonious accord.

GRANDFATHER

As a special attraction, Continental imitations of English House Clocks offer a 14 days wind or a 30 days wind. A little thought, however, will disclose to anybody that there is not much use in having clocks to go more than a little over 8 days (to allow the possible forgetting of a day), as a week is the easiest period to remember. English Clocks can also be made to go a month by adding another wheel; and even a year by adding two, but the practical English Clockmaker finds it better to adopt that principle of construction which reduces strain and friction.

WALL DIALS

There is only one house in Bombay where English Clocks may be obtained in any variety.

TOWER

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

"ALL GOLD"

FINEST SELECTED

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS,

in large 2½ lbs. tins

CASES CONTAINING :—

4 LEMON CLING PEACHES
4 BARTLETT PEARS
4 APRICOTS
4 GREENGAGES
4 ROYAL ANNE CHERRIES
3 STEWED PRUNES
1 BLACKBERRIES

Rs. **22-8** per case.

or Re. 1 per tin selected.

MONGINI BROTHERS

IMPORTERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

ASK FOR

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS.

They cure FEVER, AGUE, and INFLUENZA, and have been tested by the time.

Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc. etc. Re. 1-8ans.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT.

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch in a day. Ans 4. each.

By all the dealers or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,

WORLI LABORATORY. Dadar, BOMBAY.

THE FAMOUS "FIAT"

FIAT MOTOR CARS are owned by MOTORISTS of DISTINCTION throughout INDIA.

When owners of small FIATS Do sell their cars it is to buy larger FIATS

LATEST MODELS.

Obtainable at English prices plus cost of importation from the SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.,

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

BRITISH SUPREMACY.

The Original Pneumatic Tyre

IS THE

DUNLOP

Reject alien and inferior Imitations.

Ever since its introduction nearly a quarter of a Century ago, the Original Pneumatic Tyre, the Dunlop, has been and is being fitted by all manufacturers and car owners who, from past experience know that no other Tyre gives the same satisfaction.

CONDOR'S (LATE D. FERNANDES)

WORLD RENOWNED HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES.

In General Demand since 1870.

CONDORODYNE.—A remedy far superior to all chlorodynes on the market. An invaluable and extremely palatable remedy in all cases of Dysentery, Diarrhœa and all Stomach derangements. Re. 1 per bottle only.

FEMALE PILLS.—(Strong) An extraordinarily successful remedy in all female disorders. Highly recommended in all cases of suppressions and irregularities, etc. Guaranteed harmless. Rs. 3 only. Female Pills (mild) Re. 1 only.

CAMPHORATED MYRRH DENTIFRICE.—An unrivalled and exceedingly pleasant preparation for cleansing and removing all stains from the teeth, strengthening the gums, arresting and preventing decay, imparts a pleasant and refreshing odour to the breath. Annas 4 per pot.

RINGWORM SPECIFIC has always proved successful in all skin diseases, even where all others have failed. Annas 8 per pot.

SANTALINE CAPSULES.—An extremely popular and highly efficacious remedy for the speedy cure of even the most obstinate urethal discharges. Rs. 3 only.

THE ONLY EUROPEAN FIRM IN INDIA who supplies all articles to the public at lowest rates prevailing in the market and delivers same to your door free of carriage and cooly charges, for all your monthly orders valued over Rs. 25 only.

If your chemist does not stock these write to the sole manufacturers.

CONDOR & SONS (Successors to D. Fernandes & Co.), Chemists, Druggists, Provision Merchants, Tobacconists etc, 61 Hornby Road. (opp: Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co., Fort, Bombay.) Write for anything you may require. Mofussil orders attended very carefully and promptly. Trial solicited.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer.

SOFTSHELL NUTS for DESSERT such as WALNUTS, ALMONDS, and HAZELNUTS.

HORS-D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and in Italy.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) at Rs. 12 per dozen bottles.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS :

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888,
As amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the Undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held in the month of September, 1912, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the Public Street known as Girgaum Road between Charni Road and New Bhatwadi Road.

A plan of this Street showing the existing regular line of the Street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.—Dated this 15th day of July, 1912.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of WALIBAI, wife of VALLABHDAS ROWJI, deceased.

VALLABHDAS ROWJI, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, a Cloth Merchant, residing at Cavel Street without the Fort .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, SIR NARAYEN GANESH CHANDAVARKAR, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this eleventh day of July, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and twelve and in the third year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 11th day of July, 1912.
Messrs. LITTLE and Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the will of THACKER NARSEY KANJI, late of Bombay, Lohana Hindu inhabitant, a Broker, doing business in the name of Velji Narsey, residing at Ghatcooper, in the Thana District, deceased.

1. JAMNABAI, widow of THACKER NARSEY KANJI, the deceased abovenamed, of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ghatcooper.
2. THACKER PREMJI NARAN, of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Mandvi outside the Fort, and
3. SHAH SHAVJI GHELA, of Bombay, Cutchi Visa Oswal Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Ghatcooper, the surviving executrix and executors named in the said will of the said deceased ..... Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS, claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir NARAYEN GANESH CHANDAVARKER, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this eleventh day of July, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twelve and in the third year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court, at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI.
The 11th day of July, 1912.
Messrs. MALVI, HIRALAL, MODY & RANCHODDAS,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

THE SALE of the landed property, situate at Cavel Street, advertised by order of B. N. Lang, Esq., the Receiver, to take place this day, the 16th Inst. has been POSTPONED to WEDNESDAY, 7th August.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Auction sale of 38 Cases of Assorted and Choice Fancy Japanese Goods, Suitable for Presentations.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 19th instant 2-30 p. m. (S.T.) by order of the Bank concerned in the shop, at the corner of Meadow Street, and Esplanade Road, opposite Messrs Treacher & Co., a consignment of 38 cases of Japanese goods, just received from Kobe, Japan ex. s. s. "Bombay Maru" consisting of awata porcelain vases, jars, koros, old satsumaware, tea sets, plates, cloisonne vases, old brassware, bronzeware, screens, hanging pictures, lacquered frames and trays, oil painting writing desks and cabinets, jardiniers, wall hanging, and other miscellaneous and assortment of Japanese goods, goods for presentations and to numerous to mention.

The above will be sold to the highest bidder and the same will be on view 2 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th July, 1912.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT KOLBHAT WADI.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 31st inst., sell by Public Auction, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.) on the premises by order of the mortgagees under the power of sale rested in them by the mortgage deed and further charge dated 20th December, 1909 and 20th January 1911, respectively, the following :—

All that piece or parcel of fazandari land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, standing thereon, situate on the northern side of Kolbhat Wadi without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 96 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Municipality under Ward C. No. 2513, Street No. 28, Collector's New Survey No. 38, and bounded on or towards the north by a public passage, on or towards the south by the said Kolbhat Wadi, on or towards the east formerly by the house of Samaudin Essandin and now by the house of Anandibai, widow, and on or towards the west by the house of Manekbai, widow of Dinkor Anandrao Josey, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Khanderao, Laud and Mehta, Solicitors, at Church Gate Street or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th July, 1912.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE MADRAS COAL COMPANY, LTD.

REGISTERED UNDER ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE 20, MOORE STREET, MADRAS.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Rs. 2,50,000.

DIVIDED into 25,000 Shares of Rs. 10 each.

BANKERS :
THE NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

SHARES NOW OFFERED FOR SALE.
Only a portion is now available for public.

Apply for particulars at once to :—
THE MANAGING AGENTS.

WANTED :—AGENTS, CANVASSERS and BROKERS, on salary and commission with future prospects in the permanent staff.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA THEATRE,
CHURNI ROAD.

3 STAR ATTRACTIONS 3
THIS WEEK.

THE REIGN OF TERROR.
AN EPISODE OF THE FRENCH REVOLUTION

PARADISE LOST.
A MOST INSTRUCTIVE SUBJECT.

JIM'S INDIAN BRIDE
A STIRRING STORY OF ADVENTURE IN THE WILD WEST.
BOLD AND BREEZY.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

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CAPITAL (paid up)...Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER) ... ,, 32,00,000

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BRANCHES.—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES :—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE :
4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.
CALCUTTA OFFICE :
103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
BOMBAY OFFICE :
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
CALLED UP £400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £600,000

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The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs Brown, Shipley and Co.)
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J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

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Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application:
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

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THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
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FUNDS OVER RS. 4,00,00,000

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LOW PREMIUMS.
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Oriental Building, Bombay.

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CLAIMS PAID .....£ 29,500,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS... 13,000,000
ANNUAL REVENUE 1,550,000
BONUS DECLARED..... 8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of 1½ per cent. (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) per annum, has been declared for the five years ended 15th November, 1910.

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DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates, CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of all premiums in the event of child's death.

For full information apply to
H. F. LODGE,
Ag. Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

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CINEMATOGRAPH.
1¼ hour { TWO SHOWS NIGHTLY. } 1½ hour
7 to 8-30 and 10 to 11-30 p.m.
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THE MYSTERIES OF PARIS.

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BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... ,, 17,500,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.
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Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tichling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 107,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906,
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... ,, 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2¼ per cent. p. a. from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent p. a., for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 900,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.
BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

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DAVID CORSAR & SONS
BEST FLAX CANVAS
For full particulars apply :—
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WANTED.—TEN TO FIFTEEN TOURING CARS, on hire for hill climbing (1 in 7). Apply to PUNJAB MOTOR and CYCLE AGENCY, Nedou's Old Hotel, Lahore.

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TO BE LET—At Maria Hill, 58, Gunpowder Road, Mazagon.

1st FLOOR, "Belle Vue," GROUND FLOOR Beach Chambers, open on all sides, sea-view, large garden and compound airy rooms, trams near. Rent Moderate. Apply A. M. DALAL on premises.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bed-room with verandah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bath Room, shower and W. C. Use of Dining Room, etc. Overlooking Sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box 2,002, care of "Bombay Gazette".

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM TO BE LET 4 windows, overlooking gardens, and sea, to European married couple, or two friends, at Mrs. PAGE, 10 Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road, Lift and Electric Light.

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1 Quad Crown by Harrild and Sons, Improved "Main" News Machine, with 2 moulds.
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1 F'cap Folio, Treadle, double plateu, "Bremner" with 2 moulds.

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1 Double Demy Columbian Press by Harrild and Sons.
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2 Foolscap Albion Presses by Harrild and Sons.
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1 Imperial 2¼ inches screw.

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1 Diagonal, 20 inches, with 1 extra knife hand power.

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1 Treadle, 6 figures by Harrild and Sons with 2 extra wheels.
1 Treadle, 5 figures by Harrild and Sons with 2 extra wheels.

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1 Wooden frame size 40 inches.
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1 Perforating Machine, 30 inches.
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2 Type Casting Machines.
1 Copper Plate Press incomplete.
1 Litho Press incomplete.

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They are self-adjusting.
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COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY 25, Marina Lines Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No, 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld."

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
81, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, situate at 8th Cross Lane, Falkland Road.

Under instructions from and by the order of the Transferees of Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Ahmed Syed Ebrahim and Bai Fatmabai, his wife, the mortgagors, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE, Auctioneers, will, TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of July, 1912, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property, on the premises, at 5-30 o'clock (S.T.), in the afternoon

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, at Falkland Road in Bombay in the Registration Sub-district formerly of Bhuleshwar and now of Bombay, containing 36 1-2 feet in length and 43 1-2 feet in breadth outside the Fort of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue with other land, under Survey No. 5524, 5587, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 2289, and Street No. 7, and bounded as follows, i e :—On or towards the North by the property of Bomanji Shapurji Chothia, on or towards the South by a temple belonging to Mahipat Ganesh Nagarkar, on or towards the east by a Fazendari passage, and on or towards the west by a Fazendari passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Pestonji Rustim, Kola & Co., Solicitors for the Mortgagee at their office No. 79, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

SALE OF the whole of the stock-in-trade machinery and building of the Indian Felt Topee Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (in liquidation), Government Gate Road, Parel.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will under instructions from Messrs. Rustomji K. Mody and Jamnadas Pranjiwandas; the Liquidators of the Indian Felt Manufacturing Co., Ltd., sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 25th day of July 1912 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the premises, the immovable property known as the Indian Felt Topee Manufacturing Co., Ltd., together with all machinery consisting of engine, boiler, apparatus and complete plant with tools and implements for making and trimming caps, fittings, materials, as a going concern in one lot.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of lease-hold land or ground commencing from the southern end of the concerned of the property, known as Park Field, 12 Government Gate Road; Parel, and bounded as follows:—On the west the Government Gate Road, on the south the properties of the Finlay Mills, on the east the property of the trustees of the late Ardeshir Hormusji Wadia, and on the north property of Khursetji Nusservanji Wadia, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas and Manordas Tribhowandas, admeasuring 4104·6·9 square yards, bearing Municipal Ward No. 1052 (3) Street No. 12B, and registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay, along with the other property of the said Lessors under Old No. 66, and New No. 14210 and New Survey No. 7-8-2494 together with all buildings, factories, erections and structures built, constructed or standing thereon.

Private offers for the whole of the property as a going concern will be received at the office of the undersigned Auctioneers, or of Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, Wadia, and Co., attorneys for the Liquidators or at the office of the said factory at 187, Kalbadevi Road.

The factory will be on view from 18th July from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, Wadia, and Co. attorneys for the liquidators at their office 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, or from the undersigned,

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th July, 1912.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

SALE THIS DAY, TUESDAY, 16th July, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, etc.

Messrs. J. S. MODY, & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the ground floor of the "Sargent" House, on Apollo Bunder, opposite the Tramway Stables, and next to the Taj Mahal Hotel, the valuable and handsome French and Mahogany polished household furniture, such as tapestry, lined drawing-room, suites of sofas and chairs, cabinets, marble topped tables, tile topped teapoys, dining table, chairs, dumbwaiter, dinner waggon, sideboard, single and double mirror door wardrobe and hanging almyrahs, iron cots, dressing and washhand tables, book cases, hat and umbrella stands, arm, armless and Curzon chairs, plated ware, crockery and glassware, lamps, carpets etc., etc.

The property of M. Phillips, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO, Etc.

High Court Suit No. 693 of 1911.

Rose Matilda Oliveira and others ... Plaintiffs.
Vs.
E. J. Coelho and others ..... Defendants.

Under instructions from Mr. Ignacio Gomes, the Receiver appointed in the above suit, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will, on SUNDAY, the 21st inst., at 3 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, in House No. 154, on Parbhadevi Road, Dadar, household blackwood furniture, such as round table, arm and without arm chairs, benches, dining tables, bedsteads, cupboards, chest-of-drawers, teapoys, boxes, square piano, copper utensils, glassware, lamps, pictures, gold neck chain, ear ornaments.

The above will be on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at Mahim, near Vanjawari.

On TUESDAY, the 23rd inst., at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs J. S. MODY and Co, will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Surajmal B. Mehta, Esq., Attorney for the Mortgagees, Messrs Gulbaji Ajesiji and Co., and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Nihalchand Panaji under and by virtue of the power of sale given under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 25th day of November, 1908, the following landed property, viz :—

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground containing by admeasurement 163-36 square yards or thereabouts, which is a portion of land bearing Collector's Old No. 379, New No. 4132, Old Survey No. 29, and New Survey No. 15, whereof Doolabhdas Balmookandas is the present fazandar situate, lying and being in Mahim without the Fort in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, together with two houses or buildings built and standing thereon, which are contiguous to each other and which are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under G Ward, Nos. 5079 and 5080, and Street Nos. 407 and 408, and bounded as follows: That is to say on the south by the property of Karimji Boodaji, on the west by the property of Killa Moolji, on the east by a public passage, and on the north by the Vanjawari public passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Mr. Surajmal B. Mehta, Attorney for the mortgagees at his office, No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th July, 1912.

GUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

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B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS. Fuel & Cylinder Oils. WAX, CANDLES.

B. O. C.

PETROL. MOTOR OILS A & B. Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.

Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,

CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

MONDAY EVENING.] [15TH JULY, 1912.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 12th July, 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	13	15,984
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	28	34,159

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4d. T. T., 1s. 4 1-32d. on Demand, and 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. The enquiry for Bank remittance has been very moderate. Some private bills have been placed for 3 months' sight at current rates. Far Eastern rates are rather easier.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 1-4d, 11th Aug.
Do. do France	...170 1-2
Do. do Marks	...133 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...146
Shanghai "	...198 1-4
Japan "	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened quiet at Saturday's closing rates, and has remained unchanged during the day with little business doing. We quote as under.

We quote :—

Ready ...	...	Rs. 95 13 0
Settlement	...	" 95 11 0

BULLION:—

On Saturday the London market for Bar Silver closed unchanged at 27 3-4 for ready and 27 7-8 for delivery in two months. New York was also unchanged at 60 1-4. The local market is rather steadier and prices close as under. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs. 23 15 6
Australian "	...	" 23 15 6
Sovereigns "	...	" 15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready ...	...	" 70 7 0
1st Settlement	...	" 70 7 0
2nd Settlement	...	" 70 10 0
Silver (cum duty)		
Ready ...	...	" 70 13 0
1st Settlement	...	" 70 13 0
2nd Settlement	...	" 71 0 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The American markets closed a trifle easier on Saturday. Weather reports from America are conflicting. A private telegram received yesterday from Mr. Habersham King, Atalanta, states that the drought in Texas, Oklahoma Indian Territory has been temporarily relieved by general rains. He also states that while dry weather is needed for the best results in Georgia, Alabama and Missippi, he does not consider present excessive rain as injurious yet; and that weather reports indicate clearing weather in two days. Other private telegram report unfavourable weather. The local market opened steady, the quotation for good Broach being Rs. 316. There has been a fair enquiry for "suttas," and prices are well maintained owing to a comparative scarcity of sellers. Indian Crop reports are fairly satisfactory, but more rain is needed generally for good results. The market closes steady as under.

The estimated "unsold" stock of cotton at Colaba on the 30th June, as published by the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Ld., is 320,386 bales.

For ready cotton the demand continues moderate, but prices are quiet steady.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach ...	...	Rs.	324 March
Good M. G. Broach ...	...	Rs.	316-17 Mar.
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hingughat	...	"	311 Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	...	"	308 "
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Bulgaon	...	"	302 "
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola	...	"	298-9 "
Fine M. G. Khandeish	...	"	285 "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...	"	274 "
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	...	"	282 "
Fine M. G. Bengal	...	"	288 Dec.
"	...	"	294 Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengals	...	"	267-8 Jan.

OLD CROP.

Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...	"	301 July-Aug.
Good H. G. Westerns	...	"	270 "
Good M. G. Westerns	...	"	281 "

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone	...	... Quiet.
Estimated Sales	...	... 8,000
Total receipts	...	... Nil.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6-95	6-90	6-81	6-76
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd
Nov.-Dec.	**Dec.-Jan.**	**Jan.-Feb.**	**Feb.-Mar.**
6-72	6-71	6-71	6-73
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	+01
Mar.-Apl.			
6-73			
unchgd			

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is partially closed as are all seeds markets.

We quote :—

Ready	...	Rs. .....
September	...	" 11 13 0 R.T.
Apl-May 1913	...	" 10 4 5 0 R.T.

RAPESEED:—Quiet

We Quote :—

Brown Delhi Apl-May 1913	...	Rs. 8 4 6
Brown Cawnpore ready	...	" .....
Yellow "	"	... " .....

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Quiet.

Bold white 95 p.c. ... Rs. 58 0 0 D J Nominal

POPPYSEED :—

Tone—Quiet. We quote :—

Ready	...	... Rs .....
Forward	...	... " 13 12 0 R. T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready	...	... Rs. .....

COTTONSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready.	...	... Rs. .....

GROUNDNUTS :—

Tone—Steady.

We quote :

Jan.-Feb.	...	... Rs. 47 8 0

MOWRASEED:—

Tone—Steadier. We quote :—

Ready	...	... Rs. .....

WHEAT :—

The market is steady.

We quote :—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs.	.....
" Delhi Aug-Sept ...	"	5 7 9 R. T.
" " May 1913 ...	"	5 9 0 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	...	1,760 X D
Bank of India	...	...	66 1-2 C D
Central Bank of India Ld.		...	28 1-4
Eastern Bank	...	...	88 1-2
Indian Specie	...	...	64 1-2 C D

MILLS.

David	...	...	450
Kohinoor	...	...	775
Manockji Petit	...	...	2,705
New Great Eastern	...	...	245
Standard	...	...	1,335

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary			167
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference			187
Bombay S. N. Co. Ord.	...	...	302 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	...	...	1,435
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate		...	22 1-4

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	...	...	542 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., on Saturday :—

Cotton	...	...	3,198 bales.
Wheat	...	...	54,763 cwts.
Linseed	...	...	26,141 "
Rapeseed	...	...	6,779 "
Gingellyseed	...	...	783 "
Poppyseed	...	...	1,025 "
Groundnuts	...	...	197 "
Castorseed	...	...	4,559 "
Rice	...	...	9,355 "
Myrabollams	...	...	575 "
Cottonseed	...	...	869 "
Mowrasee	...	...	2,782 "
Gram	...	...	3,163 "
Jowar	...	...	1,875 "
Maize	...	...	Nil "
Barley	...	...	968 "

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 6th July 1912, as compared with the statement for the week ending 6th July 1912 :—

LIABILITIES.	July 6, Rs.	July 13, Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	1,06,00,000	1,06,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	1,36,37,859	1,40,18,713
Public Deposits at Branches	10,18,25,631	10,49,68,088
Other Deposits	7,997	7,997
Post Bills	24,25,172	20,66,957
Sundries	13,84,96,659	14,16,61,755
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	1,90,96,393	1,96,10,761
Other authorised Securities	68,860	68,860
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities	1,38,40,679	1,34,17,584
Loans do. do.	3,13,80,556	3,33,12,182
Bills discounted and purchased	1,87,44,583	1,82,66,770
Dead Stock	2,34,355	2,34,355
Stamps	5,175	5,105
Bullion	17,66,489	17,43,314
Balances with other Banks	5,69,552	1,74,091
Sundries	3,30,430	3,59,498
Cash	5,31,59,587	5,44,69,234
	13,84,96,659	14,16,61,755

CRAWFORD MARKET.

Daily List of Current Prices.

MUTTON, 1st SORT.

Mutton gramfed from As. 5 to As. 6 per lb.
Saddle As. 4 per lb.
Leg As. 4 per lb.
Shoulder As. 5 per lb.
Liver As. 3 each.
Kidney As. 10 per doz.
Tongue (large) As. 12 per doz.

MUTTON, 2nd SORT.

Saddle As. 3-1-2 per lb.
Leg As. 3-1-2 per lb.
Shoulder As. 3 per lb.
Liver As. 2½ each.
Kidney As. 8 per doz.
Tongue (small) As. 10 per doz.

VEAL.

Hind Quarter As. 4 per lb.
Fore Quarter As. 3 per lb.

BEEF.

Beef Buffalo 1st sort As. 3 per lb.
Do. 2nd sort from As. 2 to As. 2 1-2 per lb.
Beefsteak (underpart) from As. 4 to As. 5 per lb,
Soup Meat from As. 1 1-4 As. 1 1-2 per lb.
Brisket from As. 2 to As. 3 per lb.
Round from As. 2 to As. 3 per lb.
Hump from As. 10 to Rs. 1 1-2 each.
Sirloin from As. 3 to As. 4 per lb.
Tongue from As. 3 to As. 4 each.
Oxtail from As. 2 to As. 4 each.
Liver As. 1½ per lb.
Kidney from As. 1 to As. 2 each.

FISH.

Pomfret nil.
Pomfret (black) nil.
Gholi from Re. 8 to Rs. 10 each.
Surmaye (large) nil.
Surmaye (small) nil.
Salmon (large) Rs. 6 each.
Salmon (small) from Re. 1 1-2 to Rs. 4 each.
Prawns (small) from As. 2 to As. 4 per doz.
Oysters from As. 2 to As. 5 per doz.
Mullet (large) from As. 12 to Rs. 1 1-2 each.
Mullet (small) from As. 12 to Rs. 3 per doz.
Lobsters nil.
Crabs pies 6 to pies 9 each.

POULTRY AND GAME.

Fowls (large) from As. 12 to As. 14 each.
Chickens from As. 5 to As. 6 each.
Duck (large) Rs. 1 1-4 each.
Duck (small) from As. 14 to Re. 1 each.
Turkey (Cock) from Rs. 8 to Rs. 10 each.
Turkey (Hen) from Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 each.
Pigeons from As. 8 to As. 10 per pair.
Rabbits from As. 12 to Re. 1 each.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

ANDREWS—June 18, at Simla, to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Andrews, a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Harwood League Football : R. G. A. vs. Y. M. C. A.
Bombay Improvement Trust, 4 p.m.
America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. 7 to 8-30 and 10 to 11-30 p.m.

Maxim : "Perpetual devotion to what a man calls his business is only to be sustained by perpetual neglect of other things."—R. L. STEVENSON.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVALS.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Medina," with the outward mails of the 5th instant, left Aden 6 p.m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 4 a. m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. on Saturday.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbalpur) ...	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	7-15	13-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-5	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-45	7-30
Poona Express	19-30	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-30

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-55	21-30
Gujerat Mail	8-25	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	19-52

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. R. E. Pigott, C. I. E., V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Batt. B. B. & C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day :—

March	Bavarda	Sincke
Overture	Light Cavalry	Suppe
Value	Wedding Dance	Lincke
Selection	La Fille du Tambour Major	Offenbach
Song	Eileen Alannah	Thomas
Selection	The Pink Lady	Caryll
Entracte	Sweet Briar	Squire

SURAT DISPENSARY.—Out-patients treated in the Maskati Charitable Dispensary at Kurwa Road of Surat in the month of June, were: men, 2,487 ; women, 2,124; children, 1,501 ; total 6,112.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails consisting of superscribed correspondence for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan per s. s. "Ischia," will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 p. m. to-morrow, Wednesday.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. "Arcadia," will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 45 a.m. on Thursday the 18th July. Parcel mail for China closes at the same hour.

POST CARDS.—The following letter has been addressed to the Post Master General, Bombay :—Sir,—I have the honour to bring to your notice that owing to the smaller size of present postal quarter anna Indian post-cards, some thin and confusing cards are in use by the public on which quarter anna stamp is to be affixed. These cards are bigger in size and owing to the new Postal rules half space is available on address side for writing matter. They are appreciated by the public, because much more matter can be written on them than the present Postal quarter anna post-cards which are really too small for ordinary use. If the Postal authorities will see their way to order an issue of the full size post-cards allowed by Postal Rules with half the address side for writing and bearing quarter anna stamp, it will be a great boon to the general public. Similar to this the size of the present half anna envelopes is also required to be increased.—(Sd.) M. H. Visram, Bar.-at-Law.

LECTURE BY MR. POLAK.—Mr. H. S. L. Polak of South Africa, delivered an address to the members of the United Free Churches Literary Society, a few days ago on "Some Racial Problems of South Africa," at the residence of the Rev. A. S. Crichton. He placed his remarks with a quotation from H. Finot's "Death Agony of the 'Science' of Race," to show the unwisdom of constructing hard and fast racial-barriers, and illustrated his argument by a number of illustrations drawn from the history of and problems presented respectively by the natives, "coloured" people, and Indians of South Africa. He pointed out that the treatment of non-whites was not indentical throughout South Africa, but varied with each Province, Mr. Polak dwelt at some length upon the position and grievances of the Indians resident in different parts of the Union and succeeded in explaining the situation satisfactorily and in securing the sympathy of his audience, to whom most of what he said was near. An interesting speech was made by Prof. Anderson, in moving a vote of thanks to the lecturer, in which he expressed his agreement, from experience in South Africa, with most of Mr. Polak's strictures. The latter, in reply, emphasised the Imperial nature of the problem, and the eagerness with which the people of India awaited its solution at the hands of the Imperial Government.

G. I. P. SEASON TICKETS.

We are informed that as the result of a petition, signed by a number of season ticket-holders from suburban stations of the G. I. P. Railway, the Agency of that railway has agreed to introduce a system of season tickets similar to that in use on the B. B. and C. I. Railway. At present on the G. I. P. Railway all season tickets are available for a period, which must commence on the first of the month. Under the new system they will be available for the usual periods from any day on which they may be issued.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours, and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time ; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill :—

Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
July	h m	ft. in.	h m	ft. in.
16 m	0 0	27 5	m 5 58	14 1
	0 55 a	30 5	6 59 a	17 5
17 m	0 52	27 8	m 6 46	14 7
	1 38 a	30 2	7 45 a	16 11
18 m	1 43	27 7	m 7 34	15 6
	2 20 a	29 7	8 32 a	16 10
19 m	2 35	27 2	m 8 23	16 10
	3 3 a	28 8	9 21 a	16 11
20 m	3 31	26 6	m 9 15	18 3
	3 48 a	27 7	10 13 a	17 1
21 m	4 34	25 11	m 10 17	19 8
	4 35 a	26 5	11 10 a	17 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

July 16 (Tuesday)	"	6h 10m	"	7h 19m
" 17 (Wednesday)	"	6h 10m	"	7h 19m
" 18 (Thursday)	"	6h 11m	"	7h 19m

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

Allocation of Plague Expenditure.

A meeting of the Bombay Corporation was held in the Municipal Hall yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji, the President, occupying the chair.

Mr. C. V. Mehta, chairman of the Standing Committee, moved that as recommended by the committee, sanction be given to a grant of Rs. 3,000 to meet the expenditure of compiling and maintaining a register as proposed by the Commissioner of municipal properties.

Mr. Wacha said it was a step in the right direction.

The proposition was agreed to.

Consideration was given to Government's letter, dated June 12, replying to the Municipal letter on the subject of the allocation between Government and the Corporation of certain plague expenditure incurred by the Municipality, partly on its own account and partly on account of Government.

The Secretary in the General Department wrote as follows :—

"In your letter you endeavour to demonstrate the unfairness, as you describe it, of the refusal on the part of Government to revise the existing division of these charges in the light of the detailed accounts now presented by the Corporation. For this purpose you advance the following arguments:—(a) that by their decision of 1903 Government clearly committed themselves to the position that it was only on the ground of the impossibility of applying to this expenditure the principles of distribution laid down in 1897 that they resorted to the arbitrary division then made, and that therefore they are not justified, now that this ground admittedly no longer holds good, in falling back on another, and wholly different, ground for refusing the desired revision, namely, the final settlement made in 1899 and the inexpediency of reconsidering the same ; (b) that the latter settlement was made without any reference whatever to the present charges, being purely a grant-in-aid unaccompanied by any indication that it provided for the discharge of outstanding claims against Government in respect of expenditure properly debitable to them in accordance with the principles of 1897 ; (c) that Government have themselves shown that they did not regard the subvention of 1899 as a final settlement inasmuch as they have subsequently made various grants to the Municipality on account of plague expenditure. Finally, you take exception to the action of Government in withholding the payment of amounts lawfully due to the Municipality as a set-off against their demand resulting from the decision of 1903, at a time when the question in dispute had been under discussion between the Corporation and the Accountant-General only and the former had had no opportunity of representing their views to Government direct."

GOVERNMENT'S ARGUMENT.

In reply to this communication I am to express the regret of Government that they are unable to admit the justice of the contentions which it embodies. With regard to the first argument it must be noted that the question for the consideration of Government in 1903 was not the same as that which was before them in 1911. Your letter, I am to point out, overlooks the important circumstance that, if they had elected to do so, Government would have been entitled, in 1903, in view of the 1899 settlement, to hold themselves absolved from all liability in respect of plague expenditure incurred antecedently to the 31st of March, 1899. It is true that the Government of that day did not take up this attitude, but declared themselves willing to accept liability in respect of a moiety of the charges then under discussion, the reason for imposing this arbitrary limit on the concession thus made being the difficulty of discriminating between the heads of expenditure and the failure of the Municipality themselves to furnish its details. The suggestion contained in the correspondence now before Government is that they should travel far beyond the scope of the concession granted in 1903, merely because in the course of the years that have since elapsed, the Municipality have apparently, at last succeeded in effecting the classification of expenditure then in abeyance. In other words the Municipality desire that, because Government went beyond their obligations in 1903, but exceeded them upon an arbitary basis instead of upon a detailed calculation, therefore, now that the detailed calculation purports to reveal the fact that Government gave less than they were at the time prepared to give, they should now—after the lapse of 8 1-2 years—make good the deficit. In such a situation the Governor in Council feels confident that it will be agreed that Government may, legitimately, and without incurring the imputation of inconsistency, urge the locality of the settlement of 1899 and the impropriety of reopening, from the point of view of one of the parties only, transactions long ago closed. With reference to (b) I am to state that although no specific reference to the present charges was made in the announcement of the Government subvention, in 1899, the amount of the latter was calculated on a general survey of the existing and prospective resources of the Municipality and a consideration of its capacity to bear the burden of plague charges without unduly curtailing its expenditure in other essential directions. Government are now satisfied that the estimates of Municipal revenue on which this calculation was based were unduly moderate, a fact which would justify them in reconsidering the whole financial position if the decision of 1903 were now re-opened. But this is a course which as previously explained, they have no desire to adopt unless compelled to do so. They consider, therefore, and trust that, on reconsideration, the Municipality will agree, that in the interests of both parties it is undesirable that the settlement effected so long ago as 1899 should now be called into question.

"So far as the question of the other grants to the Municipality, referred to in paragraph 2 (c), is concerned, Government are unable to admit that their existence is in any way relevant to the present discussion, since to much of these payments as were made later than the 31st of March, 1899, related to expenditure incurred by the Municipality subsequently to the expiration of the period covered by the settlement announced in Government Resolution No. 2807, dated the 15th June, 1899.

"As regards the objection taken to the procedure adopted in effecting the recovery of the sum found due under the decision of 1903, I am to explain that the mode of recovery was in accordance with the orders contained in paragraphs 2 and 4 of Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 2807, dated the 15th June, 1899, and applicable to all the local bodies concerned and was therefore in no way unusual. Its further justification may be found in the fact that, notwithstanding the stimulus provided by the circumstance that the Municipality, has all this time been deprived of the not inconsiderable sum to which it lays claim, it has nevertheless taken that body no less than 8 1-2 years to formulate and present to Government its demand. In these circumstances it is not unreasonable to assume that had Government taken no further steps beyond the bare assertion of its demand against the Municipality, unaccompanied by any effective action for enforcing the same, the claim thus made would, at the present moment, be still both unsettled and unanswered and the prospect of a settlement of the question extremely remote.

"On the above grounds the Governor in Council regrets that he is unable to reconsider the decision already announced in Mr. Robertson's letter to the Municipal Commissioner, No. 3826, dated the 23rd June, 1911."

The Hon. Sir Phirozeshah Mehta moved that the letter be recorded. He remarked that he could see Mr. Shapoorji Mistry raise his hands to Providence; he himself would do the same thing. The Corporation had tried all they could to point out to Government what they thought was unfairly charged to them and now they had no other recourse but to record the letter.

The letter was recorded.

DELISLE ROAD OVERBRIDGE.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Commissioner, dated May 20, in which he stated :—"With reference to Corporation Resolution No. 3373 of 7th September, 1911, approving of the overbridge at DeLisle Road, B. B. & C. I. Railway, at an estimated cost to the Municipality of Rs. 10,29,095, I have the honour to state that on further consideration of the matter the width of 40 feet proposed by the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the overbridge has been seen to be entirely inadequate for such a thoroughfare as DeLisle Road, which runs North and South and carries an amount of traffic already considerable and certain to increase with improved communication with the North of the Island which is already being provided. I am of opinion that a width of 50 feet for the bridge is the minimum that can be considered especially in view of the fact that the tram line is certain to be extended along De Lisle Road immediately the overbridge is constructed. It appears most convenient that the increased width should be taken on the east side. As the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company have accepted this width I request the sanction of the Corporation to the overbridge being constructed at a width of 50 feet at an additional cost to the Municipality which is estimated at Rs. 70,810 which includes the cost of acquiring the properties.

On the motion of Dr. S. S. Batliwalla, the necessary sanction was accorded.

"MADNESS" FOR WIDE ROADS.

During the course of the discussion on the Commissioner's letter submitting plans showing the proposed regular lines for roads in different localities, Mr. Wacha said that there was a madness among Improvement Trust Board Executives who wanted 120 and 200 feet wide roads. This madness had been imported into the Municipality and hence the proposals for widening this road and that road were submitted to them.

The Commissioner's letter was recorded.

THE BOMBAY WATER SUPPLY.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Commissioner submitting a return showing the hours of water supply to the different localities in the city and the several pressure in the mains during the month of May.

Mr. Jehangir B. Petit remarked that the complaints for insufficient supply of water were growing very severe and it was high time the Commissioner had made a statement as to when the cause of the complaints would be removed. The authorities had done their just endeavours, but the public were not satisfied and people had become impatient.

The Commissioner pointed out that the subject before the meeting was the hours of water supply and not the sufficiency or otherwise of water. The complaints would entirely cease when the Tansa mains were duplicated.

Sir Bhalchandra observed that in Girgaum insufficiency of water supply was very keenly felt. Last Sunday there was no water for several hours.

Mr. D. E. Wacha said that people wanted bread and the Executive gave them a stone. What should people do if they were given no water? They would die of dryness.

Sir Pherozeshah Metha said that the cry for water was due to failure of the monsoon.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir protested against Mr. Wacha's statement. They all knew that the executive was doing their best to meet people's wants.

Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla suggested that the water now utilized for industrial purposes should be given for domestic and sanitary purposes and if the Powai lake could afford its water might be given to industries.

The letter was recorded.

The Corporation then adjourned to Thursday next.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Trieste," July 18.

The Austrian Lloyd s. s. "Trieste," from Trieste, left Aden, on the 13th instant, and is due here on the 18th instant afternoon. She brings the following passengers :—

Bartels, Mr A
Batliboi, Mr Sorab
Bilgrami, Mr S A
Boulton, Miss B
Booth, Mr Ch.
Briggs, Mr, Mrs and child
Bulmer, Mr C
Child, Mr
Chitamber, Mr
Davar, Mr R S
Deen, Mr
Farrell, Lt J V
French, Sir Edward and Lady
Jai Gopaul, Mr
Grossmann, Mr
Hatchell, Mr C E
Howse, Mr
Iyer, Mr E L
Jeejeebhoy, Mr R B
Jervoise, Mr
Kalogiros, Mr P E
Lill, Mr
Luhrmann, Miss O
Lyall, Mr
Mahabeer, Mr
Mackenzie, Capt
Metcalfe, Capt J G E
Miller, Mr and Mrs E D B
Mitter, Mr A
Mukerjee, Mr
Murat, Mr D D
Porter, Mr P B
Price, Capt
Remy, Dr E
Shaw, Mr
Shah, Mr and Mrs A M
Sheffi, Mr
Sinha, Mr N N
Thakore Mr N C
Vaswani Mr V

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 15th July, 1912.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	15	1	p.m.	1	50
Suez	15	1	35 p.m.	...	59

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk (18-8-11).

Telegrams for all places in interior of China excepting stations on the coast booked by routes other than Bhamo can be accepted at sender's risk (29-5-12).

Italian Administration notify that telegrams for Tripoli are admitted only in plain language and at sender's risk. As an exceptional measure short telegrams in code or cypher language are also admitted if forwarded via Italy and those concerned deposit two copies of their code one at the Tripoli Telegraph Office and the other at the Telegraph Office at Rome (20-10-11).

Telegrams for Brazil via North Atlantic cables can only be accepted at sender's risk (10-2-12).

Telegrams in code for Hankow can only be accepted at Sender's risk. (27-2-12).

Owing to pressure of traffic and atmospheric disturbances telegrams for Casablanca, Mazagan Mogador and Rabat are subject to great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk, (15-5-12).

Dijon reports line interrupted to Behbehan. Communication between Behbehan and Ahwaz interrupted. Telegrams for Ahwaz, Mohammerah, Schouchter and Dizful should bear instructions "Post Bushire" till further notice (15-5-12).

Italian Administration notify that Telegrams in cypher or Code language cannot be accepted for Rhodes (12-7-12).

Turkish route restored (15-7-12).

Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian Frontier between Tengyueh and Yungchang (15-7-12).

Because an almanac was said to have prophesied a disaster this month to a children's excursion on the railways nearly a hundred Hitchin parents refused to allow their children to attend the local annual Band of Hope excursion.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

CURRENT INDIAN NEWS.

Rs. 35,000 have been sanctioned for a hospital to be built adjoining the Behar National College.

The summer resort of the Government of Burma after 1913 will no longer, it is believed, be Maymyo but Kalaw.

A Behar paper states that the case instituted by the Raja of Kanika against the Raja of Aul for Rs. 85,000 has been compromised for Rs. 35,000.

It is reported, writes the "Herald," that the number of students seeking admission into the Dacca College is much less this year than it was last year.

The Maharaja of Bikanir returns to his State from Simla this week. Preparations to celebrate the 25th anniversary of his succession are now actively proceeding.

Mr. W. E. M. Campbell, Deputy Director, Land Records, U. P., who has been ill at Naini Tal, underwent an operation recently and is doing well. Mr. Drake-Brockman is officiating for him.

It is understood that the Bengal Chamber of Commerce has been considering the question of the New Persian Railway and a representation to the Government of India will be made by the Committee at an early date.

The s. s. "Maria Valerie," which arrived in the Madras harbour on June 26th, has been prevented from proceeding on her journey owing to the main steam pipe having broken. It is now under repair, and the vessel will sail on or about the 18th instant for Calcutta.

A marriage has been arranged between Mr. Halley McKean, of the National Bank of India, Ld., Madras, and Miss Helen St. Leger, elder daughter of Mr. W. D. St. Leger, Organist and Choirmaster of St. George's Cathedral, Madras, and Mrs. St. Leger.

Lady Dane has kindly consented to distribute the prizes to the Lahore Arya Girls' School on the 7th of September next in the afternoon. The school, which teaches up the Middle Standard, has got 150 students on the roll and the daily attendance is 125. The school is an aided one.

Mr. J. W. Hose, Commissioner of the Agra division, who has been lying ill in hospital at Naini Tal for some little time past is now progressing favourably. As soon as he is well enough he will proceed Home. Mr. E. J. Mardon is holding charge both of the Agra division and the district temporarily.

The Maharaja of Cooch Behar, with General Sir Bryant Mahon, Prince Jitendra, Captains Barrett and Leslie, and His Highness's staff, arrived in camp at Cooch-Behar on Tuesday. On Wednesday the party went out in the morning after a herd of buffaloes. General Mahon was fortunate in getting two of the biggest. Captain Barrett and Leslie also bagged one each.

The Government of India have ruled that a telegram cannot be delivered at the original address and a new address is given without an order to re-transmit the message by telegraph. The telegram will be sent on by post free of charge to the addressee at the address given instead of being returned to the original sender, the sender being at the same time informed that his message has been so dealt with.

The Madras Government have approved the proposal to print and publish 1,000 copies of the illustrated pattern books of Indian art industries relating to metal work, in accordance with the arrangements made by Mr. Hadaway in consultation with the Superintendent, Government Press. They consider that it will be sufficient for the present if the "artisan" edition alone is published.

The question of establishing a Railway Clearing House in India has been before the various Railway Administrations from time to time since the very inauguration of the Indian Railway Association under the late Colonel Wilson, R. E., but very little has so far been accomplished. A definite scheme has, however, now been formulated, and there is every likelihood of its being finally brought to a head.

The 12th to the 17th of August is the period now fixed for the annual conference of the United Planters' Association of South India in order that as many planters as possible from far and near who will be attending the Camp of Exercise of the Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles at that time may be able to attend. Mr. Fletcher Northern, Secretary of the United Association, vice Mr. H. Ormerod, resigned, takes over charge on 1st August. The usual Planters' Exhibition is being arranged for during the Conference.

Some very frank observations about the Delhi climate appeared in the local paper, the "Morning Post," a few days ago. No wonder the town planning experts did not stay there throughout the hot weather. A welcome change in the atmosphere came on Saturday, it seems. "Previously," says the paper. "we had all been living in the crater of

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Stephanotes, 2,584 tons, Captain E Goodridge, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Queda, 4,944 tons, Captain G. J. Goss, sailed yesterday for Rangoon with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Onda, 3,409 tons, Captain E. G. Corre, sailed yesterday for Java with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Barala, 1899 tons, Captain R. S. B Butler arrived in harbour yesterday for Buscreh via Coast ports with a general cargo.

The steamer Karaak, 2035 tons, Captain L. W. G. Glazebrook, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Alexandria, with ballast.

The steamer Wearbeck, 2446 tons, Captain W. M. Shatton, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The H. M. S. Espiegle, Commander C. Maxwell Lefroy R N. sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Saturday the 13th July 1912, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP.

R I M S Dufferin ...Comdr Vines ....R I M
R I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hordern ....R I M
R I M S Palinurus ..Comdr Taylor .....Survey Boat
R I M S Investigator...Lieut Turbett .....R I M Survey
H M S Espiegle.....Comdr .....Lefroy .....R Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 15.

Angus .....2330 Dakers .....T M & Co
Banca .....3,798 Potter .....M & M Co
Belle of Ireland .....2771 Weeks .....T M & Jo
Dunrobin .....2,319 Carr .....T Morrison & Co
Harpenden.....2302 Cromack .....T M & Co
Kassra .....505 King... .....M M & Co
Karnak .....2005 Glazebrook... .....
Mesmada .....3178 Surroe.....W & A G & Co
Said .....565 Morin.....Arab S N Co
Shah Jehan .....2635 McBean.....Shah S N Co
Sealda .....3433 Johnson .....M M & Co
Umta.....3492 Wilson.....M M & Co
Vadala .....2164 Lime .....M M & Co
Wearbeck .....2446 Shatton ....

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Arcadia	3513	Barcham	Shanghai	7-7	P & O Co
F Ashburton	2833	Mathews			T M & Co
G Mohamadi	1251	Watt	Aden	19-7	B & P S N Co
H Budrie	1633	Fisher	Arabi		Steamers & Co
K Konig	3176	Holdt			A Strandes & Co
M India	4193	Gordon	Aden	20-7	P & O Co
N Lord Stanley	3056	Clebbon	Dunkirk	18-7	W & A G & Co
O Bahrein	1403	Grant	Arab		Steamers Co
Q Rahmani		Green	Jeddah	20-7	Bo & P S N Co

Offside Q

Langdale.....2294 Gadner.....W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Barala.....1899 Butler .....M M & Co
2 Scindia.....3253 Mitchell...L'pool...W & A G & Co
4 Vadala .....2164 Lima.....M M & Co
5 Upada .....3382 Logan...Calcutta...M M & Co
7 Ville-de-Oran...3014 Masson ..... J M & Co
8 Chyobeesa.....399 Nelson...Antwerp...M M & Co
9 Weissenfels .....2138 Bebheir ...Hamburg.....20-7 ... W & A G & Co
10&11 City of York...5018 Wilson .....L'pool ...20-7... R N & Co
12&13 Egypt.....4207 Summers...London ...P & O Co
14 Lhasa.....950 Manley...Karachi...1417 ..... M M & Co
15 Tremorvah .....2223 Mitchel.....K'chee ...17-7 ... Ralli Bros
16 Dumra.....762 Morrison..... M M & Co

30 ton crane

Dredger Octopus... ...681 Strong...Repairing ...B P Trust

M W D D

Isobia.....2481 Belsito...Hongkong.....16-7...R Line

H W P D

Satrunji.....547 Hoozein...K'chi .....Bo S N Co
Kaveri.....553 Mohamed ....

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
14	Wearbeck	Shatton	Calcutta, July 2
	Karnak	Glazebrook ...	Al'dria, June 30
15	Barala	Butler	Buscreh, July 7

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
15	Sicilia	Maganzini ...	Genoa, etc.
	Stephanotes	Goodridge ...	Calcutta,
	Fulda	Joss	Rangoon.
	Onda	Carre	Java.
	H M S Espiegle...	Lefroy	Persian Gulf.

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—
Steamer Egypt, for London.
„ India, for Aden.
„ Karnak, for Port Said.
„ City of York, for Liverpool, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, Homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the 13th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—JULY 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Scindia s—208 bales cottonfly and waste, C Peraj and Co ; 43 bales wool, K Talsidas ; 12 bales wool, F F Campbell and Co ; 204 cwts chutney, M Poonjajee and Sons ; 70 bales wool, M Balia ; 293 bales wool, M Ramjidas ; 369 bales wool, D Koondanmal ; 130 bales wool, C Khairaza, 90 cwts coir yarn, V Hurridas and Co ; 35 bales silk waste, the Choi Silk Mill Co; 46 bales wool, B Tulsookchand ; 182 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 11 bales wool, S Bejraj ; 20 bales wool, R Agarchand.
FOR LONDON.
Egypt s—100 cwts deer horns, J M Rahimtoola.
FOR MANCHESTER.
Scindia s—20 bales yarn, G Cotton.
FOR PHILADELPHIA.
Scindia s—193 casks skins, Cox's Shipping Agency ; 18 bales skins, C J Mathews and Co.
Ashburton s—1,500 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.
FOR MARSEILLES.
Scindia s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 201 cwts mustardseed J. Fashiri.
FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.
Scindia s—37 cwts mendipowder, Sadakally.
FOR NEW YORK.
Ashburton s—11883 cwts castorseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 8,800 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.
FOR HAVRE.
Ville-de-Oran s—52 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 500 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros; 100 cwts coffee, S. C. Dalal; 1,000 cwt mustardseed, A. Blaccheck and Co ; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, Waller Pavri and Co.
FOR PORTSAID (for orders.)
Karnack s—100,000 cwts wheat, Sounday and Co.
FOR DUNKIRK.
Lord Stanley s— 3,000 cwts. rapeseed, K Devchand and Co ; 10,800 cwts rapeseed, Sanday and Co ; 220 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.
FOR ANTWERP.
Chyebassa s— 1.188 bales cotton, Rali Bros ; 1,000 cwts barley, K. Devchand and Co.
FOR HAMBURG.
Weissenfels s—12 cwts canes, N Gokuldas and Co ; 624 bales cotton, Rally Bros ; 56 bales cottonfly, C. Peraj ; 204 cwts gum, E Damjee and Co.
FOR HONGKONG.
Arcadia s—49 cwts kismiss, T Canji ; 6 cwts genda horns, 1 case piece goods, S Vazir ; 56 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws, J Mahomed.
Ixohia s—90 cwt raisins, T Canji ; 100 bales twist, M Amersey and Co.
FOR SHANGHAI.
Arcadia s—5 sheets opium, M Gajanand.
Ixohia s—300 bales twist, M Mohanlal.
FOR YOKOHAMA.
Arcadia s—2 1-2 cwts ivory, M Buldeodas.
FOR KOBE.
Arcadia s—1 1-4 cwts ivory, M Buldeodas.

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MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 6 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 0 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 0 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 0 0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 6 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE. Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

LAYS OF THE LAW, A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H. Re. 1.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Tuesday, 16th July, 1912.

THE ROYAL SOCIETY CELEBRATION.

The Royal Society of London yesterday completed two centuries and a half of its existence as a chartered body, and arrangements have been made to celebrate the occasion in a manner worthy of its past achievements. Learned men from all parts of the Empire and even from abroad have been invited to take part in the festivities, and most of the delegates from Indian and Colonial Universities who met recently for the Universities' Congress, will also represent the bodies to which they belong at the festival. Charles II. was reigning in England two hundred and fifty years ago, and he granted a royal charter to the Society on 15th July 1662, whereby it was authoritatively incorporated. The Merry Monarch's fame is connected with anything but science and literature ; yet it is a curious fact that his reign is rendered illustrious both in literature and science by several great events in their annals. Both "Paradise Lost" and "Paradise Regained" appeared when he was King, and besides Milton there were Dryden and Cowley and Waller who graced his reign. Clarendon, his Prime Minister for some time, and Sir Thomas Browne were the great prose writers of the peri. The Comic Dramatists of the Restoration, as their very designation indicates, have conferred a celebrity, though of a rather doubtful character, on the reign of the restored monarch. In science, Sir Isaac Newton and Edmond Halley were its greatest ornaments, and in this department also the incorporation of the Royal Society has rendered it memorable. Charles had a taste for science and art, and in architecture as well as portrait painting ; his reign forms a memorable epoch, chiefly because he was personally and intelligently interested in both. The gaiety of his disposition has overshadowed in our memory some excellent intellectual qualities that he possessed. He had a strong intellect whose bent was in the direction of physical science. His liking for chemistry was long-lived and in the very month of his death he was engaged in experiments in the production of mercury. Scientific experiments, indeed, were his great delight and he kept a well equipped chemical laboratory which has been celebrated by Pepys. He had also a cabinet of curiosities for which he caused collections to be made at foreign courts. From all this it will appear that the foundation of the Royal Society was not in the words of Dr. Adolphus Ward, his competent biographer, inappropriate in his reign. When he came to hear soon after his accession to the throne that several persons of scientific attainments had banded themselves together for the purpose of increasing knowledge, he interested himself in their project which he helped forward willingly by the grant of the charter of 1662. In the following year another charter was granted confirming the first and conferring certain privileges on the new Society. Yet a third charter followed in 1669, granting further privileges and also certain lands in Chelsea. Previous to incorporation the King had offered to become a member of the society, and he afterwards several times attended its meetings and was much interested in its scientific investigations.

Thus King Charles, it must be said to his credit, did much to foster the Royal Society which in its turn has shed so much lustre on his reign. But though the Society was incorporated by charter in the early years of the reign and though its regular foundation dates a few months after the Restoration, it came into being in rather crude form some years earlier. England was then passing through troublous times of civil strife and novel political experiment. Those stirring years of the Civil War, followed by the Commonwealth, were not quite suited for fostering quiet scientific pursuits ; yet it is a fact that in the middle of the war, in the very year of the battle of Naseby and the execution of Laud, 1645, "divers worthy persons inquisitive into natural philosophy and other parts of human learning and particularly of what hath been called the new philosophy or Experimental Philosophy held weekly meetings in London to treat and discourse of such affairs." Many clubs, political and religious, had been formed at that time for more or less polemical and sectarian purposes. Our "divers worthy persons" were neither politicians nor theologians, yet they, too, seem to have been smitten with the prevailing mania of clubs, and though not under that name, banded themselves together to satisfy their curiosity for natural philosophy as they called their pursuit. Among them were Dr. Wilkins, Warden of Wadham College, Oxford, and afterwards Bishop of Chester Foster, Professor of Astronomy in Gresham College, Wallis, the mathematician, and several medical men. The idea of weekly meetings was suggested by Theodore Haak, a German, residing then in London.

Some of these philosophers, as students of the mathematical and natural sciences were then usually called, were residents of Oxford, and they formed a similar society in their own University in 1648, and these two bodies in London and at Oxford kept in close touch with each other. In fact, the Oxford Society was a branch of that at London, vigorous at first but languishing later on, when the activity of the Society was concentrated in the London meetings. So it went on till 1660, when monarchy was restored in England and with it came back quiet times. The philosophers who had till then no regular organisation and had met more or less informally either at the lodgings of some of themselves or in taverns or latterly in Gresham College with which one of their number, Foster, was connected as professor, now thought of having a formal constitution and if possible of incorporation by charter. At a meeting held in November, 1660, the scheme of association was discussed, and King Charles was approached through Sir Robert Moray or Murray who at once succeeded in interesting the monarch. The name Royal Society was just applied to this body by Evelyn, the diarist, in the dedication to it of a book published in 1661. At first its name was Royal Society of London for Improving Natural Knowledge ; but Evelyn's happy and short designation at once commended itself to the body who specially thanked him for it. Sir Robert Moray was elected the first president, when the Society was regularly established at the end of 1660. But when it was incorporated two years later, Lord Brouncker, Chancellor of Queen Catharine of Braganza, and a distinguished mathematician, who is remembered by his useful discovery of continued fractions, was chosen to preside. He was elected every year till his retirement in 1677. Christopher Wren, the famous architect of Charles' reign, and Pepys, the lively diarist were among Brouncker's early successors as presidents of the Royal Society. Bishop Wilkins, and Henry Oldenburg, originally a German scientist, were the first secretaries. Isaac Newton, though not an original member, came into the Society early, having been elected in 1672. In 1703 he succeeded Lord Somers as President, and continued in this honourable position for twenty-five years till his death in 1727. His long term as President has been only once exceeded, namely, by Sir Joseph Banks who presided for 42 years, from 1778 to 1820.

Volunteering in Bombay. The newcomer to India often hears that it is a country in which every able-bodied European should learn to bear arms. We are a great way from realising that ideal in Bombay, but while the strengths of our several volunteer corps are undoubtedly much below those, which they ought to reach, it is satisfactory to note that some progress, if slow progress, is being made. The annual reports of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles and the Bombay Light Horse, extracts from which we give in another column, show this. There has been an increase in numbers in both cases, and, what is just as much to the point, the new musketry course which has not seen its second season has resulted in each instance in a considerable advance in efficiency in this essential department. The Bombay Volunteer Rifles had a total strength, including cadets, on March 31st, of 866, compared with 791 a year earlier. This increase is mainly one of adult numbers, but at the same time their total numbers are a good deal below 500, which is regarded as being a reasonable strength for the adult section of thie Corps. As a matter of fact, they want about 75 more men to bring them to this standard. The Light Horse have a bigger strength than they have ever had. Their possibilities in recruiting, of course, are limited, and a total strength of 80 is their highest achievement. Of this number 78 members are extra-efficients, a result which is creditable in the extreme. Steady, if not very rapid, progress is being made with the Rifles' new buildings. Following the construction of offices, armoury, etc. the sergeant-major's quarters were completed last year, and it is hoped soon to commence the collection of funds for the building of the drill-hall, an object in which we hope the public will generously assist. It is kind of Lieut.-Colonel Hill Trevor, who was only recently transferred from the Corps to the command of the Volunteer Artillery, to present his old battalion with a set of fifes for a drum and fife band. Whether the results of his generosity will be such as the ranks will appreciate is yet to be heard, but in any event they cannot be much less inspiriting than the bugles.

The "Medina." It is a little remarkable that the s. s. "Medina" on her first voyage to the East as a P. and O. passenger boat should be diverted to Bombay on account of the accident to the "Persia." It is not many months ago that she came to the port in the character of a Royal yacht, and by those, who witnessed it, her stately entrance to Bombay Harbour will not easily be forgotten, when, a beautiful vessel gleaming white from stem to stern, she was the centre of interest in a splendid procession of powerful warships. No doubt many people will glance out into the Harbour, as she lies here next Friday, to see how far they can recognise the Royal yacht in the black-hulled mail boat. The transformation, which has been made in the "Medina's" outward appearance, however, is more complete than the change upon her decks. In her cabins and fittings signs of the cruise of Their Imperial Majesties have not been entirely swept away. With a few modifications only, the series of apartments on the spar deck, which were designed for the use of the Queen-Empress during rough weather, have been allowed to remain. These now compose a *suite de luxe* for the inspection of the curious many, and the occupation of the wealthy few, who can indulge themselves in expensive fancies. Some other reminiscences of the historic trip have also been retained, which, doubtless, will render the "Medina" one of the most popular ships in the P. and O. fleet.

The Peruvian Atrocities. Sir Richard Casement's indictment of the Peruvian rubber planters' treatment of West Indian labourers is not new. Similar allegations have been made before, and were once the subject of discussion between Great Britain and the Peruvian Government. Sir Roger's competence to report on this matter is undoubted. Since 1909 he has been Consul-General at Rio de Janeiro, and previously held consular appointments in other countries—notably the Congo Free State—in which labour is supposed to be treated inhumanely. The picture he paints is terrible indeed. Flogging and mutilation appear, comparatively, to be refined forms of punishment, and he leaves to the imagination the "unthinkable atrocities" practised on the unfortunates who seek their livelihood in the South American plantations. Reuter does not state what measures the British Government have taken to put an end to these barbarous cruelties, but we should imagine prohibition of emigration will be the only way of preventing them.

For the Sailors. We commend to the sympathetic attention of the Bombay public the appeal which we published yesterday on behalf of the Bombay Seamen's Institute. An attempt is being made to provide an electric installation at a cost of Rs. 3,000, and we think the object a deserving one. Over 17,000 seamen of all nationalities, excluding Asiatics, visited the port last year, and as these men are employed in a trade whereon the commercial prosperity of Bombay depends, we think the port has a certain obligation towards them. The sum asked for is, comparatively, not large, and as will be seen will be covered by three hundred subscribers of ten-rupee notes. We are in a position to know that the Harbour Chaplain is engaged in an excellent work among sailors, of which the Institute and St. Nicholas's Church is the centre, and as electric lights and fans will make both these buildings more attractive and comfortable, we trust the money will be forthcoming within a reasonable time.

Hanley By-Election. The result of the by-election at Hanley shows conclusively that the constituency is overwhelmingly Liberal, and certainly justifies the party in its determination to test the question. It is significant that the Labour representative polled considerably less than one-third of the Unionist vote. The figures show us that the present non-Unionist polling strength is exactly what it was in December, 1910, when Mr. Enoch Edwards totalled 8,342 as against 8,341 at this by-election. The Labourites would do well to forget Hanley. The Unionist vote we consider more than satisfactory, for while, as we have seen, the Liberal-Labour strength is "as-you-were," Mr. Rittner polled 1,334 more votes than at the previous contest. Unionists, of course, would have welcomed a complete reversal of the position ; but they will realize that in the Labour defeat the next best thing has happened. The new member is a keen land-reformer and free trader.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Medina," with the outward mails of the 5th instant, left Aden 6 p. m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 4 a. m. on Friday next.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer "Macedonia" arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 13th instant.

The goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 22nd June, 1912, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1911 of 365,179 maunds with an increase of Rs. 53,355 in the earnings.

The Board of a dilatory German local railway running from the German town of Lahrer held a meeting the other day and decided to buy three new locomotives. The fact is that those now in use leave the line so often that new ones had become a necessity. Having determined to acquire new engines, the directors proceeded to discuss the names they should be given. One of them suggested Isolani, Luther, and Galileo. His colleagues were naturally curious to know his reason for offering this curious selection. He explained that no names could possibly be more appropriate. Did not Isolani, in Schiller's "Wallenstein," say, "She comes late, yet she comes,"? Had not Luther exclaimed at the Diet of Worms, "Here I stand; I can do nothing else"? And Galileo, when arraigned before the tribunal of the Inquisition, had stoutly maintained that the earth moves round the sun in the famous words "Yet it moves." The directors of the Board, while admitting the suitability of the names proposed, decided that commercial candour might be overdone, and the spirited suggestion was voted

MILITARY MATTERS.

The Navy and the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 28.

"Parturiunt montes" and lo ! the resultant mouselet absurd in its insignificance. Of the six and a half millions that the Chancellor of the Exchequer was holding in reserve to meet the requirements of the Navy under certain well-defined conditions which have now materialized, one million only is to be devoted to the Admiralty programme. Five millions goes to the Sinking Fund, to which the total amount was due in the first instance and the remaining half million is to be that on easy terms to the Uganda Colonial Office for the development of the Uganda Protectorate. The former, it is to be hoped, presages the conversion of Mr. Lloyd George to saner methods of finance ; the latter taken on the light of his reply to interpellations of the Labour party seems to indicate the dawn of Imperialism in the Socialist sodden brain of the Chancellor of the Exchequer. The lapse from the constitutional proceeding of allowing the whole balance to go the Sinking Fund was condoned by hearing Mr. Lloyd George discourse on Imperial interdependence and maintain the principles of helping forward the more backward portion of the Empire, even though he justified his action only from the prospective increase in the material advantages to England, the feeding of English manufactures and English stomachs. As regards the million to meet the subsidiary estimates for the Navy which Mr. Winston Churchill will present early next month, it does not take a very long memory, nor an intricate mathematical calculation to arrive at the fact that the addition is practically no addition at all. It will be remembered, that owing to various causes, in which Labour troubles bulked largely, the Admiralty were unable to expend the full amount allotted in the estimates for last year, the total thus underspent amounted to £1,600,000 and our naval programme and preparedness were exactly this amount behind what had been forecasted as necessary for the maintenance of our position as the great naval power of the world, and the insurance of the safety of our island and the security of the great ocean highways that connect our wide scattered Empire. In the estimates for this year provision was made for a re-allotment of £600,000, the million being allowed to lapse. The provision, therefore, of the million out of the surplus now announced by Mr. Lloyd George only replaces us in the same position we should have occupied had last year's programme been carried out, and this year's allotment made, as it was made, before definite information had been received of the scope of German naval enterprise, and this replacement is only theoretic. Actually by now the money should have been spent, and the outward and visible signs be in evidence. Money cannot be turned into ships, stores and men in a day and though the financial position may now be what it was at the close of the last financial year, the material position is not the same. We are a full six or eight months in arrears in constructive progress. If, therefore, the supplementary estimates are to be anything except eye-wash, they should suffice to cover both arrears and the cost of carrying out the policy, adumbrated by the First Lord in his speech on the naval estimates and emphasized later from time to time on public but less formal occasions. It is to be hoped, therefore, though hardly to be expected, that Mr. Churchill has a surprise, awaiting his colleague of the purse strings and that the million is only required to make good the arrears, whilst further provision will be made for the changed situation by revising the budget for the present year, thereby giving further proof of Mr. Lloyd George's conversion to constitutional methods of finance. Next week we should be in possession of the Admiralty views on the necessities of the present situation, and be in a position to judge how far Mr. Churchill has been permitted by his colleagues to give material form to his brave expressions of determination to maintain our naval supremacy.

THE POSITION NEXT BUDGET.

In the meantime it may not be out of place to note briefly what the position will be when next year's budget is presented. We shall have in home waters the fleet flagship, three squadrons of eight ships each with full crews, two squadrons of similar numbers with nucleus—a total of 41 battleships—whilst the German high sea fleet will be numerically the same. In addition, we shall have the late Mediterranean squadron based at Gibraltar, 1,200 miles away from Portsmouth, and sixteen older and obsolescent ships out of commission, for which it would be difficult, if not well nigh, impossible, to provide trained crews at short notice. Numerically, therefore, the two fleets in readiness for immediate action will be equal and identical in organization, the balance in our favour being made up of three factors : first, superiority in power ship for ship of the forty-one ; second, the Gibraltar squadron—if free to act—in other words, if it is not required in the Mediterranean ; third, the obsolescent ships—if they can be commissioned in time. It will be noted that of these three factors only one is actual, the other two are qualified by hypotheses, and even this small advantage in the North Sea has been gained only by the withdrawal of practically all the first class battleships from foreign waters.

THE LATE SIR GEORGE WHITE.

The death of Sir George White removes one whose name is written large on the annals of India and the Empire, and reduces that small band of Irishmen whose names dominate the military history of the country for the last forty years. In his earlier years of service slow promotion seemed to have marked him down, despite the fact that despatches testify to the good use he made of his opportunities on service. Charascale was, however, the turning point. The lock on the bare poll of circumstance in its revolutions came to him for a fleeting moment, and he seized it. Left to contain the enemy whilst Lord Roberts carried out his flank attack, with orders to join in the attack, when the Afghan right gave way before the advance of Roberts' troops, and with his fresher regiments be ready for the pursuit, he saw that things were not going quite as planned. The Afghans were massing on their right to oppose Lord Roberts and owing to this and the physical difficulties of the ground the success of the flank attack was in doubt. But in order to strengthen their right the enemy had weakened their position in front of White, who at once recognised the situation and drove home the attack with such vigour that the Afghans in front of him broke and retired, quickly followed by those opposing the flank attack, who saw their flank and line of retreat threatened. It was an occasion on which orders had to be read in the spirit and not the letter and Major White did it. Though connected for so long and so honourably with India, the earlier record is so much overshadowed by the later, that it will be for South Africa and the work he did there, that Sir George White will be placed in British history, and chiefly for the defence of Ladysmith. In the darkest hour, when things were at their worst, and, it is said Sir Redvers Buller even advised the destruction of ammunition and stores and surrendering on the best terms obtainable. Sir George never lost heart, although the weary four months' seige he was cheerful himself and inspiriting to others. His unfailing courage and resource inspired the troops to heroic effort, and the defence of Ladysmith will always live in history, a memorial to a fine soldier : "justum et tenacem propositi virum."

TERRITORIAL SPORTS.

I was very much disappointed with the sports of the London Territorials at Stamford Bridge. With one or two exceptions, it was a very poor display, and the salient feature was the paucity of entries, and the very large number of units not represented at all. As the London Territorials number over 30,000, and a very large poportion of them belong to athletic clubs and go in for sports in various fields, this was to me not a little surprising. It seems, however, to be a fact fairly well known, as there was a very indifferent attendance of spectators. So far as I was able to gather by enquiry, the fault lay with the conditions of the programme and is not attributable to the dearth of athletes amongst the London corps. The programme is considered by them generally as being wanting in military events, and the show generally to be indistinguishable from any ordinary sports meeting. If the sports are to be Territorial, then it is thought that they should be held under military conditions and in uniform. The Marathon race was conducted in this way and proved the most popular event on the programme. It has been suggested, and the suggestion is likely to bear fruit in the future, that team singlestick, bayonet and sword melees, flat racing in full kit, cycle races over obstacles, and similar events would attract both better entries and, what is not unimportant, a larger gate. It is advisable in every way to encourage the Territorials to take themselves seriously, and if they want more soldiering in their sports by all means they should have it. At all events the committee would be well advised to make the trial, as nothing could be more lamentable than the function I had the misfortune to attend last week.

THE TWELFTH LANCERS.

I see that an officer, late of the 12th Lancers, has written to the *Observer* to contradict the storm of the 100 years' punishment meted out to the Regiment in the Peninsular by the Iron Duke which was copied by that paper from a South African journal, with only the slight mendation that the regiment denied the justice of the award, and that they were not concerned in the irregularities at all. I should hardly have thought that the story required refutation, as it stands condemned as untrue by internal evidence. Not once but often both in his letters and despatches the Duke of Wellington deplores the lapses from discipline, chiefly in the matter of pillage on the part of his troops in the Peninsula, and more especially amongst the more recent arrivals, whom he had not had time to lick into shape, but his punishments were always short, sharp and decisive, nothing "lingering or humorous." The penalty followed hard on the offence, and was carried out then and then, and no chances taken of the offenders passing out of the Duke's command before they had expiated their fault. Certainly he would never have given an order for a punishment, not half of which could possibly be carried out in his life time. After the fall of San Sebastian there seemed a chance of the troops getting out of hand and looting owing to the large number of officers killed and wounded and the consequent want of adequate supervision, and the Duke wrote to Sir Thomas Graham, "You had better send a provost into the town and have a gallows erected, and the gates kept shut and nobody to be allowed to go in excepting on duty." Nor was this an idle threat, as those must have recognized, who were with Wellington after Busaco, and saw two men of the 4th Dragoons, one of the 11th Foot and a Portuguese soldier strung up at Leiria for plundering a chapel. Punishment en masse was, moreover, repugnant to the Duke's sense of justice, and this, as appears in his letters, was the restraining influence which prevented his returning one or two corps to England in disgrace for not falling into line with the standard of discipline he required. But that he ever ordained a 100 years of hymn tunes at tattoo as a punishment seems as much a libel on the Iron Duke as on the regiment.

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, JULY 14.

After the 19th of last month, on which day one and a-half inches of rain fell here, we had no more than two or three slight showers for almost three weeks. Needless to say we were daily becoming more and more anxious and there were not wanting croakers to say that we were in for another bad year. But fortunately last Tuesday, we got about 2 inches of rain and again three-quarters of an inch on Wednesday, and some showers since, so that, for the present at least we are quite pleased and content. The cattle-kitchen, so promptly initiated and so ably and successfully carried through by Mr. Painter, the Collector, are now empty, all the cattle having been sent off to their respective homes. Although this experiment was only tried on comparatively small scale, yet it has proved so successful that one cannot help thinking that it is bound to be recognised as the method of saving cattle in any future time of distress or famine. As compared with the other method of saving them, it appears at first sight to be a little more expensive, but when one considers that the other method of rallieg cattle to distant places involves some suffering to the beasts en route and invariably entails a considerable loss of life, on and after arrival at the grazing lands, on account of the change of "havapani" and also some diminution in numbers by thefts, one cannot but conclude that the cattle-kitchen method is, in the long run, just about as cheap as and certainly more convenient and efficacious than the other. Those of us who had the privilege of attending the Darbar held, on the King-Emperor's Birthday, by the Commissioner N. D., and heard his fine speech were extremely surprised at the attitude assumed towards a certain portion of it by a well-known member of His Excellency the Governor's Legislative Council and we were not at all surprised that subsequent speakers in the Council were in a position to justify and more than juslify Mr. Barrow's absolutely appropriate remarks on crime in Kaira.

The first of a series of Bumble-Puppy Gymkhanas was held on the Maidan, on Friday afternoon, when Major Hood and the officers of the 7th (D. C. O.) Rajputs were "At Home" and the regimental band provided an excellent programme. All the events were mounted and were keenly contested. The most diverting event was a "Shigram Polo Race," for which only three couples had the courage to enter. The ladies acted as Jehus and the men sat in the shigrams and hit the ball along through the different goals. One couple caused great amusement by their fruitless endeavours to get through the first goal, and they were the target of many witty remarks from some of the spectators. Their fine spirited animal had evidently never played any kind of polo before and responded to the persistent efforts of its fair driver to urge it forward only by showing off its terpsichorean abilities. Miss Sievwright and Mr. F. O. Mackenzie easily won this contest. The vegetable race caused much merriment and keen competition as did also the ball-throwing race, won by Mrs. Kennedy and the Rev. Mr. Riall. Thus under a very enjoyable afternoon and the great success of this first meeting augurs well for future ones.

Orleans House, Richmond, the historic mansion formerly in the occupation of the Duc d'Orleans, has been purchased by Mr. Hopkins, of Hereford Castle, for his private occupation.

"PERSIA" IN MARSEILLES.

ENTERS PORT UNDER HER OWN STEAM.

Resumes Voyage after Loading Her Cargo.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE OUTWARD MAIL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, JULY 14.

The "Persia" was re-floated at half-past-six this evening by the combined efforts of the French cruiser "Jules Ferry" and Government tugs.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The "Persia" has returned to Marseilles under her own steam.

Divers have found that she is undamaged. The liner will continue her voyage when she has again shipped her cargo.

In consequence of the unfortunate accident to the "Persia," we are informed by the Superintendent of the P. and O. S. N. Company, that the London mails of the 5th instant, will come forward from Aden by the s.s. "Medina," arriving here next Friday, the 19th instant. The s. s. "Salsette," which would ordinarily have brought this week's mails, is proceeding to Suez to take the place of the "Persia," from that port, and will bring the London mails, of the 12th inst., arriving in Bombay, on the 26th idem. In the absence of the "Salsette," the s.s. "India," will convey the homeward mails on Saturday next as far as Aden, for transfer to the regular Australian mail steamer "Macedonia."

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JULY 14.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer "Medina" left here at 6 p. m. for Bombay with the outward mails of the 6th instant.

ITALO-TURKISH WAR.

Another Turkish Defeat in Tripoli.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The Italians have captured the position of Sidi Ali, situated midway between Tripoli and the Tunisian frontier. The enemy, on the arrival of reinforcements, delivered a fierce assault, but were repulsed with enormous losses, the fighting lasted six hours.

TURKISH CABINET CRISIS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 15.

Nazim Pasha, a former Governor of Baghdad, has declined the Portfolio of War, except on sweeping conditions, including the abolition of martial law and the dissolution of the Chamber. The Government has rejected these conditions.

The Cabinet is tottering and its resignation is possible.

THE STRIKE.

Grave Results of Hyde Park Demonstration.

LONDON, JULY 15.

There were riotous scenes in Hyde Park yesterday afternoon, on the occasion of a strike demonstration.

The strikers endeavoured to release a comrade, arrested for assaulting an interrupter, whereupon the police charged with batons. A wild stampede ensued, women and children being trampled underfoot. A number of them were treated at an improvised hospital.

Mr. Lansbury, the Labour M.P., was roughly handled in the *melee*.

CHICAGO DISASTER.

Many Killed and Injured in Railway Smash.

CHICAGO, JULY 14.

The Overland Express this morning collided with a fast mail train in the suburb of Chicago in a fog.

Thirteen bodies have been recovered while many persons are injured.

A SENATOR'S CORRUPTION.

Expulsion of Notorious American "Boss."

WASHINGTON, JULY 15.

The Senate has expelled Senator Lorimer, the notorious political "boss," for extensive bribery in an election. Mr. Lorimer, whose attitude was most defiant, made a fiery speech in his own defence lasting for three hours, and then collapsed.

COST OF LIVING IN THE U.S.

Postal Reform as a Solution of the Problem.

WASHINGTON, JULY 15.

The report of the Inter-State Commerce Commission's investigation into the operations of the express companies, prescribes sweeping reductions in parcel rates in all parts of the United States, which, the Commission is of opinion, will constitute a long step towards the solution of the high cost of living.

HEAT WAVE IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, JULY 15.

England has been sweltering in a heat wave for the last four days. There have been numerous deaths, particularly from drowning. Much damage has been done by thunderstorms.

SIR CHARLES MACARA.

LONDON, JULY 14.

The King of Italy has conferred the Commandership of the Order of the Crown of Italy upon Sir Charles W. Macara for his services to the cotton industry.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

South African Triumph in the Marathon Race.

COLLAPSE OF THE WINNER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

STOCKHOLM, JULY 14.

The result of the Marathon race was as follows:—

K. McArthur (South Africa)..... 1
C. Gitsham (South Africa)..... 2
G. Strodino (America)..... 3

ALSO FINISHED THE RACE:—Sockalexis, (America); Duffy, (Canada); Jacobsen, (Sweden); Gallagher, Erxleben, Piggott, Forschaw, all (America); Fabre, (Canada); Demar, (America); Boissiere, (France); Green, (England); Smith, (America); Forsyth, (Canada); and Tewanima, (American Indian).

The race was run in sweltering heat. Kolemainen (Finland), Gitsham and McArthur led throughout. In the early part of the race they were all close together, but Kolemainen "crocked" on the sharp hills on the return journey. None of the others was dangerous.

The times of the first three were:—2 hours, 36 mins. 54 4/5th secs; 2 hours, 37 min. 52 secs, and 2 hours, 38 min. 42 2/5th secs. respectively.

At the start Kolemainen went immediately to the front, soon followed by the South Africans. Then came the Swedes with the Americans.

McArthur reached the tape dazed and staggering. When he was signalled to halt, he collapsed. Gitsham stayed for a few fatal moments to drink water at the foot of a long hill close to home.

The King and Queen were among the first to congratulate the South African nation on the splendid performance.

ENTHUSIASTIC STUDENTS.

STOCKHOLM, JULY 15.

Two thousand students carried McArthur, the winner of the Marathon race, shoulder-high from the banquet at the Stadium back to his hotel, where both he and Gitsham were serenaded.

SWIMMING.

The result of the 400-metres free style swimming competition was:—

Hodgson (Canada) 5 min. 24 2/5th secs. Hatfield (England) 5 min. 25 4/5th secs. Hardwick (Australia) 5 min. 31 1/5th secs.

Germany won the military long-distance cross-country ride with 60 points. Great Britain and Sweden, each with 59·85 points, tied for second place, America being third with 59.62 points.

THROWING THE HAMMER.

The result of the final in throwing-the-hammer competition was:—

McGrath..... 54·74 metres.
Gillis..... 48·39 metres.
Childs..... 48·17 metres.

All three are Americans.

PREVIOUS RESULTS.

MINIATURE RIFLE TEAM COMPETITION:—Great Britain (1); the United States (2).

MINIATURE RIFLE (INDIVIDUAL) 25 METRES:—All prizes won by Sweden.

MINIATURE RIFLE (TEAM) 25 METRES:—Sweden (1); Great Britain (2).

PISTOL FIRING TEAM COMPETITION:—Sweden (1); Russia (2); Great Britain (3); United States (4).

PISTOL SHOOTING:—Won by the United States.

INDIVIDUAL RIFLE-FIRING (300 metres):—Procop (Hungary) 97; Osburne (the United States) 95; Skogen (Norway) 95.

CLAY BIRD SHOOTING:—The United States 532; Great Britain 511; Germany 510, (Possible—600 pts.).

INTERNATIONAL RIFLE SHOOTING (teams of six):—The United States 1,688; Great Britain 1,600.; Sweden 1,575.

FOOTBALL:—Won by Great Britain (final: Great Britain 4; Denmark 1).

JAVELIN COMPETITION:—Lemming (Sweden) 60·64 metres (record.)

RUNNING DEER COMPETITION:—Won by Sweden.

TENNIS.

LADIES' SINGLES:—Mme. Broquedis (France), defeated Mme. Koering (Germany) 4-6; 6-3; 6-4.

MEN'S DOUBLES:—Kitson and Winslow (South Africa) defeated Pipes and Zborzil (Austria) by 4-6; 1-6; 6-2.

SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP:—Winslow (S. Africa) beat Kitson (S. Africa) 7-5; 4-6; 10-8; 8-6.

RUNNING.

100 METRES SPRINT:—Craig (U. S.) 1; Meyer (U. S.) 2; Lippincott (U. S.) 3; Patching (S. Africa) 4.

800 METRES:—Won by the United States.

5,000 Metres:—H. Kolemainen (Finland) 14 mins. 36 3/5 secs. (Record).

1,500 Metres:—Jackson (England) 3 mins. 36 3/5 secs. (Record).

200 Metres:—Craig (U. S. A.) (1) Lipincott (U. S. A.) (2).

400 Metres (Relay):—Great Britain (1) Sweden (2).

10,000 Metres:—Kolemainen (Finland) 31 mins. 20 4/5 secs. (Record).

CYCLING.

200 MILES:—Lewis (S. Africa) 1; Grubb (Great Britain) 2; Schutte (U. S.) 3.

TEAM COMPETITION:—Sweden (1); Great Britain (2); United States (3).

WALKING.

10,000 Metres:—Goulding (Canada).

WEIGHT PUTTING.

Macdonald (U.S.A.)

SWIMMING.

1,500 METRES (FREE).—Hodgon (Canada).
100 METRES (BREAST-STROKE) Germany.
100 METRES (FREE) Kahanamaku (U. S. A.)

JUMPING.

STANDING BROAD JUMP.—Triclitiras (Greece).
HIGH JUMP.—Richards.

TUG-OF-WAR.

Sweden beat the London police.

ANTI-RUSSIAN RIOT.

Murderous Outrage in Turkestan.

ST. PETERSBURG, JULY 15.

Official advices state that Chinese troops and villagers at Khotan in Turkestan surrounded and burned the house of a Russian subject, Said Effendi. One hundred of his compatriots were in the house at the time and many of them were killed.

THE CHINESE CABINET.

PEKING, JULY 15.

It is officially stated that the President has accepted the resignation of four members of the Cabinet, also that of Hsi-Ung-Hsi-Ling, Finance Minister, who will devote his whole time to the financial situation.

The Premier, Hsi-Ung-Hsi-Ling, and Chowtszchi, the ex-acting Finance Minister, will constitute a committee to deal with foreign loans.

TRANS-PERSIAN RAILWAY.

Project again Criticised in the "Times."

THE MILITARY OBJECTIONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The Military correspondent of the *Times* in a long article to-day, emphasises the military objections to the Trans-Persian railway. He roundly declares that the Indian Army, owing to the absence of power of expansion, is unfit to bear the strain such a railway would impose upon it.

Unfortunately, says the writer, Lord Kitchener's reforms have been postponed or abandoned, owing to "Lord Hardinge's craze that the Anglo-Russian Convention and the millennium are convertible terms."

Moreover, in view of the expansion of the Navies, it will be impossible to reinforce the Indian Army from Home at any definite time. The construction of the line would mean the end of our political independence.

The correspondent calls attention to Russia's achievements in transporting troops to Manchuria, and expresses the opinion that Great Britain will ultimately be obliged to follow Japan's example. The correspondent scouts the idea that the railway is inevitable. He is convinced that the sea will always remain the trade route to India. He urges an impartial investigation of the question by competent Britishers instead of by international financiers.

JUDGE AND COUNCIL.

Incident in the Calcutta High Court.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

At the High Court this afternoon, Mr. Justice Fletcher gave some sound advice to the members of the Bar in disposing of an application for the amendment of a plaint in which counsel for the second time asked time on the ground that he was engaged in another court.

His lordship said:—If the learned gentlemen who are briefed cannot attend, or either brief or get other members of the Bar to hold their briefs for them, because certain litigants want particular counsel to attend, it is quite obvious that I cannot suspend the work of the court. I am not going to arrange the work of this court so as to suit the convenience of a few members of the Bar. This court is conducted for the benefit of the public and not for the benefit of the members of the Bar. The Bar of Calcutta is a large one and anyone of these gentlemen is quite competent to deal with an application of this simple nature which is for the amendment of a plaint.

SIMLA NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge attended service at Christ Church on Sunday morning.

The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler, Mrs. Cookson and Mr. Pearson dined at Viceregal Lodge on Sunday evening.

Their Excellencies, the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge, attended the christening of the child of the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Clark this morning, H. E. the Viceroy standing sponsor to the infant.

Her Excellency Lady Hardinge attended the Black Hearts dance this evening.

FIRE AT AMRITSAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, JULY 15.

A serious fire broke out this afternoon, and is still raging in Kucha Gasaiyan, Amritsar, four high residential houses in this densely packed quarter being on fire. The narrowness and inaccessibility of the lane is handicapping the fire engines which have already exhausted several of the wells, the pipe water also proving insufficient.

Crowds of volunteers are helping the firemen.

The cause of the fire has not yet been ascertained.

RUNNING TRAIN THEFT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

The Howrah railway police are enquiring into a case of theft from a down running passenger train, in which two Europeans and a Bengalee deputy magistrate are the victims. The occurrence took place on the 8th instant between Ondal and Bandel on the East Indian Railway. A Eurasian youth, who was occupying the same compartment, is suspected. The amount robbed was Rs. 80, and a gold watch and chain.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

In connection with the forthcoming changes in the Finance Department, which were announced last week, it may be stated that Mr. Wagle, who will act as Accountant-General, will, on relief by Mr. Brigstocke, revert to his permanent appointment at Allahabad as Accountant-General of the United Provinces, while Mr. H. N. Heseltine will proceed to Lahore and relieve Mr. Crofton as Accountant-General of the Punjab.

EXPLOSIVES IN 1911-12.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

The thirteenth annual report of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, India, for the year ending the 31st of March, 1912, has been issued. During the year 158 licenses were granted to regulate the manufacture, possession and sale of explosives. The number of magazine licenses was 217 or 15 more than in 1910. These magazines generally are in good order and, as usual, owners have been found most willing to carry out the recommendations even when involving considerable expense. Two thousand six hundred and eight tons of explosives were imported into British India, the value being Rs. 21,90,819. During the year under report 583 licenses for the storage of non-dangerous petroleum, regarding which this department was concerned or consulted, were granted. This is an increase of 43 as compared with last year. During the year 1911, 88,967,450 gallons of non-dangerous petroleum and 196,233 gallons of dangerous petroleum were imported by sea into British India.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

Important Decision by the Secretary of State.

PROFITS ON COINAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

The Secretary of State has accepted the recommendations made by the Government of India that the profits on coinage, which are at present devoted to the building up of the the Gold Standard Reserve, shall not be diverted to any other purpose until the sterling branch of that reserve has reached a sum of £25,000,000. Hitherto, the accepted standard has been one of £25,000,000 for sterling branches of the Gold Standard Reserve and the Paper Currency Reserve combined.

The Secretary of State has also agreed to build up, gradually from interest on securities and from profits on coinage, and to hold in England the metallic portion of the sterling branch of the Gold Standard Reserve up to the limit of £5,000,000.

THE SYRIAN CHURCH.

Serious Development of the Split.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 15.

The unfortunate state of affairs in the Jacobite Syrian Church gets from bad to worse as each day passes, and the tactics employed by either party, while estranging the sympathy of the outside public, tend to widen the gulf between both and lessen the possibility of compromise.

The Goverement of Travancore have despatched a detachment of police consisting of one inspector and 50 constables, who arrived at Kottayam on Friday and they will soon be patrolling the streets lest any breach of the peace should occur when the Patriarch of the party of Dionysius arrives in a few days. There are in both parties a few men who sincerely wish to see this unhappy struggle brought to a speedy termination and who have at heart the welfare of this oldest Christian Church in India. Some, including the head of the Church and the high officials of the State, have tried to bring the parties to an amicable settlement of their points of difference, but all their efforts have hitherto proved fruitless.

PROVINCIAL POWERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

The Secretary of State has accepted with certain modifications the proposals of the Government of India based on the recommendation of the Royal Commission on Decentralisation for the delegation to Provincial Government, i.e., local governments having quasi-permanent provincial settlements, of enhanced power in respect of the creation of permanent and temporary appointments, deputations, the revision of establishments and the grant of fees, rewards or honoraria.

The Governor-General in Council has now directed that effect shall be given to the decisions arrived at in respect of these matters.

The new powers include authority to create a permanent provincial service, appointments upto Rs. 800, monthly revision of permanent establishments up to a total of Rs. 50,000 annually, revision of rates of pay of minor appointments up to a total of Rs. 25,000 annually in any one branch.

The local Government has been empowered to create temporary appointments up to Rs. 800 a month for any specified period. They will also be able to create such appointments, the remuneration of which, including deputation allowance, exceeds Rs. 800 a month, but does not exceed Rs. 2,500 a month, provided the period of such appointments does not exceed two years.

The local Governments will also have power to incur fixed recurring contingent charges of Rs. 200 in each case, and fixed non-recurring charges upto a limit of Rs. 1,000 in each case. The powers of the provincial Governments stated in the resolution are subject to the general restrictions that any increase of expenditure must be covered by Budget provision and no provincial Governments will have the power of increasing the total Budget provision at its disposal in respect of expenditure without the sanction of the Government of India.

SIR H. ADAMSON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 15.

The *Rangoon Gazette* says:—

"The statement in the current issue of *Capital* that Sir Harvey Adamson has tendered his resignation as Lieut-Governor of Burma, is baseless. *Capital's* further statement that His Honour's proposal to impose a duty on rice, exported from the province, has been rejected by the Government of India, we have already contradicted. Such a statement is obviously wrong as it is well-known in business circles in Rangoon that a question of a rice cess has not yet been submitted to the Government of India. For neither reason stated by *Capital* nor for any other reason, has His Honour tendered his resignation, nor is there any likelihood that he will resign the Lieutenant-Governorship so long as His Honour continues to enjoy his present health.

A CALCUTTA SCHEME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

The special re-organisation committee of the Calcutta Corporation has issued its report after sittings extending over two years.

The Committee recommend the appointment of a City Architect on Rs. 1,250 a month, whose duties shall be generally to supervise the building department and control and advise generally on architecture throughout the city with a view to securing harmony of design, and deal incidentally with town-planning and street-improvement. They also recommend the continuance of the district system in preference to the centralisation scheme, the district system being more economical and efficient.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

It may be taken as settled that the constitution and terms of reference of the Commission on Public Services in India will be announced during the Indian Budget debate in Parliament on the 30th instant.

PORT OF KARACHI.

Commencement of Pilgrim Traffic.

BIG CRANE INSTALLATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 15.

Arrangements for the Hedjaz pilgrim traffic are being made here, on the expectation that fifteen pilgrim ships will leave Karachi for the Hedjaz, between August and November this year.

The Karachi Port Trust, at the request of the Commissioner in Sind, will place three berths at the disposal of pilgrim steamers so as to facilitate embarkation of pilgrims.

As a consequence of the growth of the trade of the port of Karachi, it has been decided to purchase ten additional hydraulic cranes for use on the wharves at a cost of one lakh of rupees.

The Karachi Port Trust are being urged by some big firms, excluding Messrs. Ralli Bros. and Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., to reduce certain of their wharfage charges as prescribed in the new schedule.

Messrs. Shaw Wallace and Co. are erecting at Keamari, a tank to hold half a million gallons of kerosine oil, and another tank to hold half a million gallons of liquid fuel.

ADVANCE OF KARACHI.

Building of Public Offices Programme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 15.

By an official announcement the way is now cleared for the immediate erection on one central site, in the busiest part of Karachi, of the various Government offices at present scattered in all sorts of nondescript buildings. At the same time that the Sind Government will thus provide itself with a new home there will also be erected four other official homes for the Imperial Customs, the Karachi Port Trust and the Karachi Municipality respectively. The total expenditure involved will probably exceed a quarter of a million sterling.

The *Sind Gazette* calls for architectural co-ordination of plans in these various structural enterprises and reminds the authorities in this city of the slip-shod character of present structures. The public buildings now to be erected must stand for a hundred years as a decoration, or as a disgrace.

A LAX MUNICIPALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 15.

The following Government order has been issued:—

The election of Mr. K. V. Ramachariar, as paid chairman of the Madura Municipality, was approved on the 23th of April, 1910. The period of two years for which he thus held office expired on the 26th of April, 1912, and at the meeting of the Municipal Council held on the 25th of May for the purpose of nominating a paid chairman, Mr. K. V. Ramachariar, received the necessary majority of votes and his nomination has been submitted to Government for approval. His Excellency in Council regrets that after full consideration he is unable to approve of this nomination. During 1911-12, the attention of Government was repeatedly drawn to serious irregularities, defects and delay in the conduct of municipal affairs, and there has been steady accumulation of evidence proving that the administration has drifted from bad to worse. For this discreditable condition of affairs, the late chairman, Mr. K. V. Ramchariar, must be held mainly responsible, and it is impossible for Government to permit him to remain in charge of the excutive of one of the most important mofusil municipalities for a further term. His Excellency in Council is, therefore, constrained to refuse to accept the nomination of the Council, and it will be directed to submit a fresh nomination for his approval.

THE SANYASSI TROUBLE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

Further particulars of the Jagatshi (Sylhet) sanyassi trouble go to show that the young wounded sanyassi is a Bengalee belonging to a respectable family. He is an M. Sc. of the Calcutta University and was formerly a teacher in the national school. The wound is very serious, and there is very little hope of recovery, as an operation is necessary to extract the bullet. A special medical officer from Sylhet has come to Moulvie Bazaar to attend to seven wounded sanyassis and "bhairabis" (female ascetics). Among the "bhairabis" arrested, and subsequently released, were women of respectable families of Calcutta, Dacca, Commilla, Barisal and Assam.

Telegrams have been sent to their relations to come and take charge of them; in the meantime they are staying with families in the locality.

THE BIHAR COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

It is now finally settled that the Bihar Executive Council will be created with effect from the 1st of August next, and the Maharajah of Durbhanga and other members have been advised to take their seats on that date. The proclamation will be issued during the course of this week.

MANGANESE DISPUTE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 15.

The arbitrator appointed to deal with the claim of Mr. Merwanjee against the Mysore Manganese Company, in liquidation, has awarded Rs. 15,000. Judgment has been entered accordingly in the district judge's court, each party bearing their own costs. The litigation was spread over four years, the facts being generally known.

A BROKEN BRIDGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

The Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, wires from Sealdah:—"Through communication has been restored over the damaged bridge near Rungpore after placing new girders. Trains are now passing as usual."

THE WEATHER.

Fairly General Rainfall over the Country.

GUZRAT FORECAST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

Conditions are still controlled by the area of low pressure in the Bay which produced rain in the south and east of Peninsula and impeded rainfall in North-East India. Rainfall has been nearly general on the Malabar Coast, Mysore, Madras, the Deccan, Madras Coast North; fairly general in South Hyderabad, the Konkan Coast, Central India; nearly general in Gujrat; local in the Central Provinces east and North Punjab, United Provinces, Bengal and Assam; nearly general in Orissa, Lower and Central Burma.

Mangalore reports two inches; Waltair, an inch and a half; Hoshangabad, Saugor, each one inch; Panchmarhi, three inches; durat an inch and a half; Dwarka, three inches; Murree, an inch and a half; Barachimar, Cawnpore, each one inch; Balasore, and Saugor Island, each an inch and a half; Shillong, two inches; Sibsagar, Thayetmyo, each one inch; Monywa, Akyab, and Victoria Point, each an inch and a half of rain.

The temperature is high in Kashmir and in the south of the Central Province.

Forecast:—Further decrease of rainfall in Gujrat, extension into the south-east of the Central Provinces.

SECUNDERABAD, JULY 15.

Rain fell here for several hours last night, and fitful showers to-day culminated in the evening in a heavy and continuous downpour causing the postponement of the polo semi-finals. The weather has changed not a day too soon, the 15th of July being the last day calculated to save the crops in the district.

AT SEA.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer "Barala," Captain R. S. B. Butler, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, reports having experienced strong monsoon and heavy swell.

The same Company's steamer "Dumra," Captain W. C. Morrison, which arrived in harbour on Sunday from Busreh, met with strong monsoon from Muscat.

The steamer "Wearback," Captain W. M. Shotton, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Calcutta, encountered heavy rain and high sea.

RAINFALL STATISTICS.

IN BOMBAY.

	Espla.	Byculla	nade	Fort	Colaba.
	In Ches	In Ches	In Ches	In Ches	In Ch.
Previously registered.....	14·31	14·28	14·79	14·61	
Monday, 15th July.....	0·08	0·03	0·10	0·09	
Total	14·39	14·81	14·89	14·70	
Same date last year.....	24·46	24·02	23·94	22·94	

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL, JULY 15.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1910.	Corpdg. Total 1911.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill...	0·00	15·39	29·29	21·54

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 15TH JULY.

Amritsar.—Cloudy, but no rain. More rain wanted generally. Crop prospects generally good.

Hansi.—More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants want more rain.

Moeltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants healthy.

Delhi.—Rain much needed generally. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Agra.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton sowing begun.

Cawnpore.—Sufficient rain fallen generally to enable agricultural operations getting a fair start. Crop prospects generally good.

Benawar.—More like rain. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Amraoti.—Cloudy, but no rain. Food-grains sowing has made fair progress.

Khamgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. Dry here but raining in the surrounding districts. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants want more rain. Cotton crop making slow progress.

Dhulia.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton sowing completed. Cotton plants want more rain. Food-grains sowing has been completed.

Jalgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing and want more rain.

Broach.—Looks like rain, sometimes showery, seasonable, continues cloudy. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy.

Viramgam.—Rain general over district. Continues cloudy,

Wadhwan.—Continues cloudy. Has every appearance of a continued fall. Rain so far insufficient for agricultural purposes. Cotton plants flourishing.

Dholera.—Showery, has every appearance of a continued fall. Rain general over district.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain general over district. Cotton sowing begun.

Barsi.—Cloudy, but no rain. More rain wanted generally.

Hubli.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain so far insufficient to enable agricultural operations getting a fair start.

Bellary.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 15th July, giving data for the preceding 24 hours

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Kathiawar and Gujarat and local rain in west Central India; Bhuj has had 0·13", Dwarka 2·69", Veraval 0·57", Rajkot 0·15", Surat 1·30", Ahmedabad 0·43" and Indore 0·71". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is in defect at Dwarka.

The Konkan.—Mormugao reports 0·18" of rain and Karwar 0·22". Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Hyderabad records 0·60" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at most stations.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has decreased slightly but is still fairly general in Gujarat and Kathiawar, Nearly general rain has fallen in the south United and the north-east Central Provinces and in the Madras Deccan and Mysore and local rain in the north and east Punjab, west Central India, south Hyderabad and the adjacent districts on the north Madras Coast. On the west coast of the Peninsula, rainfall reported has been light except at Mangalore.

Fairly general rain has likely in Malabar and the south Konkan, the south United and the east Central Provinces, local rain in the north Konkan, Gujrat, Kathiawar, west Central India and some showers in the Deccan, Rajputana and the north and east Punjab.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32, F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) 15th July, was 29·704 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 14 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 7 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the anaroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or anaroid above zero of the gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 6 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

CHURCH TRAGEDY.

Rev. Pitt Eykyn Fatally Stricken during Divine Service.

A POPULAR PRIEST.

We regret to announce the sudden death of the Rev. Pitt Eykyn, incumbent of St. Mary's Chapel, Parel.

The late Mr. Eykyn was subject to painful attacks of angina pectoris. On Sunday morning he was conducting divine service at St. Stephen's Church, Bandra, when he suddenly fainted, and had to be carried out of the church. Medical aid was called in, but he died soon afterwards.

The late Mr. Eykyn, who was educated at Chichester Theological College, was ordained deacon in 1877 and priest in 1878. He was curate of St. Michaels, Sutton-in-Ashfield, successively Vicar of France Lynce, of Ashton Gate, and of Major and Redwick.

In 1896 he came to Bombay as chaplain of St. Mary's, Parel, and was also chaplain for the G. I. P. and B. B. C. I. Railways, and honorary secretary of the local branch of the Additional Clergy Society. He was a High Churchman.

Yesterday morning at eight a requiem service was held at St. Mary's, Parel, by Rev. Father Moore, S. S. J. E. The funeral service at Sewri, at 9 o'clock, was conducted by the Revd. J. Colby, Railway Chaplain of Lanavli. The funeral was largely attended, among those present being Rev. W. A. Sawtell, acting senior presidency chaplain; Rev. J. B. Glass, S. P. G.; Rev. W. G. Kennelay, Byculla; Rev. Fathers Bisco, Tovey and Moore of the Cowley Mission. A large number of railway employes was also present.

The late Mr. Eykyn, was a very active and experienced priest, and extremely popular among his parishioners at Parel, and along the railway he will be missed very much.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

Captain Williams, 31st Lancers, is appointed Brigade Major, Secunderabad Cavalry Brigade, *vice* Captain Bourne transferred as General Staff officer, 2nd Grade, Rawalpindi Division.

Col. H. L. B. Acton, Indian Army, is permitted to retire from the 11th August, 1912.

Major T. W. Lightfoot, 8th Rajputs, retires from the 23rd of August next.

Captain Pott, 5th Infantry, is appointed officiating Cantonment Magistrate at Nowshera.

On return from leave Major L. H. Close, R. E., is posted to the Military Works in the Mhow Division.

Major General Sir Brian Mahon, Commanding the Lucknow Division, has been granted sixty days' privilege leave from the 17th of August, 1912.

Major H. E. A. Pryce, Supply and Tansport Corps, will succeed Major Deas as General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade, at Army Headquarters, on the 10th of November next.

Captain C F. Phips, No. 3 Mountain Battery, is promoted Major, and posted to No. 28 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, at Weymouth.

Captain Cheape, 1st Dragoon Guards, is appointed Adjutant of the Wocestershire Yeomanry Territorial Force.

RANGOON, JULY 15.

Major-General R. Lloyd Payne, C. B., D. S. O., Commanding the Burma Division, arrived in Rangoon from Maymyo to-day by the Mandalay mail and left in the afternoon for Calcutta en route for Simla where he goes to give evidence before the Nicholson Committee. During his absence Brigadier-General W. H. Dubbie, Commanding the Mandalay Brigade, will officiate for him.

APPOINTMENTS.

22nd Punjabis.—Major T. G. Blois-Johnson, 2nd-in-Command, to officiate as Commandant, and Major E. W. C. Stallo, V. C., Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Colonel U. A. Fowler, D. S. O., officiating in command of the Jubbulpore Brigade.

86th Carnatic Infantry.—Major H. W. Heffernan, Double Company Commander, 79th Carnatic Infantry, to be 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Lieut.-Colonel W. H. W. Mercer appointed Commandant.

88th Carnatic Infantry.—Major H. R. Baker, Double Company Commander, 7rd Carnatic Infantry, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Lieut.-Colonel F. de Domenichetti officiating as Commandant.

Captain C. H. Elliot, 58th Rifles, has been appointed to officiate as Double Company Commander.

Captain H. C. Nisbet, Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, has been posted to the 1st Battalion and ordered to embark for India.

Lieut-Colonel D. L. MacEwen has been ordered to embark for India on 12th July, to join the 2nd Battalion, the Cameron Highlanders.

Lieutenant H. G. Maurice, 61st Pioneers, has been appointed to officiate as Quartermaster.

Captain L. Phillips, 82nd Light Infantry, has been appointed to officiate as Double Company Commander, and Lieutenant F. S. M. Wigley of the same regiment to officiate as Adjutant.

Captain K. Robertson, 2nd Lancers, has been appointed to officiate as Squadron Commander.

Captain C. J. P. MacA. Grant, 99th Infantry, has been appointed to officiate as Double Company Commander.

Captain F. H. Maynard, 125th Rifles, has been appointed to officiate as Double Company Commander.

Lieut. I. M. C. Catterson-Smith, 12th Pioneers, has been appointed Quartermaster.

Lieut. C. E. Montefiore, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry, has been appointed to officiate as Quartermaster.

Lieut. W. E. D. Campbell, 34th Poona Horse, has been appointed to officiate as Quartermaster.

Lieut. B. H. Selby, 1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers, has been appointed Station Staff Officer (3rd Class) Indore.

Lieut. F. L. Roberts, 7th Rajputs, has been appointed to officiate as Quartermaster.

Captain W. G. Aycough, 7th Rajputs, has been appointed to officiate as Double Company Commander.

Lieut. R. A. Jenkins, Adjutant, 97th Deccan Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Double Company Commander.

Lieut. B. S. Raymond, 97th Deccan Infantry, to officiate as Double Company Commander.

Lieut. E. S. Woodward, 97th Deccan Infantry, to officiate as Quartermaster.

Captain L. J. Cavendish, 97th Infantry, to officiate as Double Company Commander.

Colonel J. M. Stewart, C.B., A.D.C., Indian Army, is appointed Assistant Quartermaster-General, Burma Division.

Lieut. B. C. Lousada, 1st Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment, has been appointed Aide-de-Camp to Major-General R. Lloyd-Payne, C.B., D.S.O., Commanding Burma Division.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave:—Lt.-Colonel C. N. C. Wimberley, I.M.S., for 90 days, out of India; Captain J. H. G. Marriott, 12th Pioneers, for 60 days; Captain A. Mitchell, Adjutant Royal Garrison Artillery, Aden, for 60 days; Lieut. A. E. H. Fetherstonhaugh, 14th Hussars, for 22 days; Major C. Yatman, D.S.O., 1st Battalion Northumberland Fusiliers, for 90 days out of India; Captain H. J. H. Trueman, 43rd Erinpura Regiment, for 3 months in India; Captain F. B. Maynard, 125th Rifles for 90 days out of India; Captain A. H. W. Elias, 2nd Bn. 1st Gurkha Rifles, Station Staff Officer, Rangoon, for 5 months out of India; and Lieut. R. G. R. Kane, 1st Bn. Royal Munster Fusiliers, for 3 months in India.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

Decree of Foreign Court Upheld.

The Chief Justice, sitting with Mr. Justice Beaman, disposed of an appeal in which Parbhudas Kuber sought to recover from Trambakram alias Gaurishankar ornaments of the value of Rs. 8,000.

The plaintiffs stated that the defendant came to Bhavnagar and by unlawful means obtained possession of the ornaments in dispute and then secretly left Bhavnagar. He was arrested and tried by the First Class Magistrate of Bhavnagar and sentenced to two and a half years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000. The Court of Sir Nyayadhisha of Bhavnagar then passed a decree for Rs. 8,040 in favour of the plaintiff.

The plaintiff thereupon filed a suit in the court of the Subordinate Judge of Ahmedabad to get his decree satisfied, on the ground that the Ahmedabad court had jurisdiction to hear the suit as the defendant was a resident of Harkhapara, a village in the Ahmedabad District. The defendant contended that he did not live in Harkhapara, but had been living in Gaikwadi territories for more than 12 years and that the judgment of the Bhavnagar court was obtained by fraud and was opposed to natural justice. The Subordinate Judge of Ahmedabad dismissed the suit on the ground that the defendant was not subject to the jurisdiction of the Bhavnagar court at the time the suit was filed and the fact that he was in jail there could not be regarded as constituting residence.

The Chief Justice in delivering his judgment said that the Bhavnagar court being a court of competent jurisdiction, and there being no defence upon the merits of the claim, the Bhavnagar court had awarded the claim. His lordship accordingly set aside the decree of the Ahmedabad court, and passed a decree for the plaintiff for the amount claimed.

HINDU BURNING-GHAT AT GOKAK.

Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Mr. Batchelor sitting together heard an appeal, in which Venkatrao Deshpande and other members of the Hindu community of Gokak, sought for a declaration that the land in dispute, which had been encroached upon by the defendants was a public burning-ground, and that they had a right to burn dead bodies of the members of their community along with other members of the Hindu community. The Subordinate Judge at Gokak awarded the plaintiff's claim, but in appeal the District Judge at Belgaum disallowed it.

In the High Court, the plaintiffs urged that the customary right claimed by them had been proved and that the land in dispute had been identified. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, in delivering his judgment said, that the plaintiffs alleged that the land in dispute had been granted to the Hindu community of Gokak to be used as a cremation ground, in 1868, and that the defendants had encroached on it and ousted the plaintiffs from their rights. The defendants contended that the land was never used for cremation purposes and that they had obtained the land from Government. His lordship thought that this construction put on the grant by the district judge was erroneous. The word "telage", i.e. "below" had been used thrice in the document. The part of the river bed used for washing and drinking was distinct from the land, which was reserved for cremation purposes. It was improbable that the people would use for washing and drinking purposes water which flowed from the land used for cremation. His lordship held that the land under the grant had been identified by the plaintiffs and reversed the judgment of the district judge and restored that of the subordinate judge, thereby declaring that the plaintiffs had a right to the use of the land in dispute for cremation purposes.

Mr. Justice Batchelor delivered a separate judgment concurring.

CIVIL SUITS IN THE HIGH COURT.

Before Mr. Justice Beaman a suit is proceeding in which one Jethabai is claiming a sum of Rs. 7,435 from one Putlibai the executrix of the estate of Parvatibai, on an equitable mortgage of a house situated at Bhoiwada, Bombay. The facts shortly are that Jethabai's brother Jetha Laxaman, is said to have advanced certain moneys to Daya Damodhar, the father of Parvatibai. After Daya's death Jetha is said to have made a further advance to Parvatibai on the equitable mortgage of her house at Bhoivada, the title deeds of which were then deposited with Jetha.

Jethabai died in 1909 and his sister is now seeking to recover the moneys lent by her brother to Parvatibai.

The defence deny the equitable mortgage and also deny that any moneys were due by them to Jetha Laxaman's estate.

The case is proceeding.

Mr. Justice Macleod disposed of a suit, in which Manecklal Krishnadas Javeri, sued one Amtalal and his brother for the partition of their joint family property.

The property in suit consisted of valuable houses at Panaswadi, to which both the parties were entitled in equal shares. Until February last the property was divided between the brothers equally. The parties having come to an understanding a consent decree was passed, according to which the defendant was to be in possession of the house, pay all debts, and pay to the plaintiff in satisfaction of his share a sum of Rs. 21,000 and a further sum of Rs. 871 within four months.

THE POLICE COURTS.

THIEVING SOLDIERS.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, W. Middlemass (22), and T. Aldridge (20), private soldiers in the Royal Scots Regiment, now stationed at Allahabad, were charged by Inspector Finan with stealing a silver watch valued at Rs. 22 from the shop of Ardeshir Hormusji in Church Gate Street.

The complaint was that at 5 p.m. on Sunday last the accused were standing in front of the shop, when Inspector Spiers happened to be looking at them. They inquired if the police officer was specially interested in them, and then of their own accord volunteered the statement that they had stolen a watch from that shop in the morning. They were arrested at once and were asked where the watch was. They pointed out the silversmith's shop of one Sakalchand, where they had sold it. The watch was recovered from Sakalchand who had purchased it for Rs. 5 only. The man, however, denied the purchase in the witness box and said that his brother had bought it.

The magistrate ordered the prosecution of Sakalchand for receiving stolen property.

The soldiers pleaded guilty and said they had no money and therefore they had committed the theft.

The magistrate sentenced them to one month's rigorous imprisonment each.

A GLOBE TROTTER'S WIFE.

Before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Finan charged Blanche Brown, (28), who styled herself as actress and an Englishwoman, with wandering without means of subsistence.

The accused said she was an actress, born in Gibraltar. Her parents were in London. She had come to India with her husband, who was walking round the world.

Mrs. Jackson of the League of Mercy offered to take the woman in her charge, while she was in Bombay.

The magistrate ordered her to be sent to the Workhouse.

COCAINE PROSECUTION.

Dhanji Harakchand, a Hindu, was fined Rs. 100 with the option of a month's rigorous imprisonment by Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, for possessing 28 grains of cocaine.

THEFT OF ORNAMENTS.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Sub-Inspector Shaikh, of the C.I.D., charged Abdul Rehman, a Mahomedan, with the theft of ornaments valued at Rs. 219 and belonging to one Trikamji Motichand.

It appeared that on the night of the 5th instant the complainant went to sleep on the verandah of his house in 12th Kamatipura Lane. The accused went there, took a key from under his head and stole the ornaments.

He was arrested by a C.I.D. sepoy while attempting to dispose of the same.

The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

The same accused was then charged with the theft of brass pots valued at Rs. 33 belonging to one Chunilal Jhaver.

It appeared that while the police were making inquiries in the above case, the accused pointed out the complainant's house and it was ascertained that he had committed this theft in December, 1910.

The accused pleaded guilty and he was given one month's rigorous imprisonment.

ACCIDENTS IN BOMBAY.

Woman Drowned by Her Saree.

Lalmohan Ramchandra, a Hindu mistry in the employ of Hiralal Dayabhai, was on Sunday evening testing the brick-work on the terrace of his master's house at Kandewadi, when the cornice gave way under the strain. Lalmohan lost his balance and fell to the ground, a height of about 17ft. He received several injuries and was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he was detained for treatment.

Tukia (5), and Yesodabai (5), both Hindu children, were standing on a cot near a window on the second floor of a chawl at Duncan Road, when they both lost their balance and fell into the street. They were removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where they were detained for treatment.

Sunday being the last day of the "Adhik Mas" or the additional month, Hindus went in large numbers to bathe in the sea, and also in the tanks according to their religious custom. Amongst those who went to bathe in the Ban Ganga tank was one Jamnabai, the wife of a Guzerati Hindu named Popat Maoji. Whilst there the woman boasted that she knew how to swim and went towards the centre of the tank, with the result that while she was fairly in deep water her saree became wound round her feet and she sank beneath the surface. The police were informed and they got an ascetic, who dived in and succeeded in bringing the body out. The woman was then dead.

A similar accident occurred to one Muktibai at the Kennedy Sea Face, but she was rescued in time by police sepoy No. 1347C who happened to be close by.

DOCTOR KILLED.

Dr. Jehanbux Rustamji Thanawalla, aged about forty-four, was riding on his horse on Sunday in Vincent Road, when the horse shield suddenly and threw him. Death was instantaneous. The corpse was removed to his house at Dadar. The funeral took place yesterday morning. The deceased served for a number of years in the native states of Vankaner, Rajkot and Porbunder.

KAISER'S INDIRECT GIFT.

"A German diplomatist, who desires to remain anonymous," has offered to the Potsdam Urban Council the sum of £45 to defray the cost of the entertainment of the Royal Institute of Public Health, the Council having previously refused to vote the money themselves. The offer is reported to have come, directly or indirectly, from the Kaiser. The discussion at the time gave rise to unpleasant, though slightly misleading commentaries, the Potsdam Councillors being really of the opinion that they are too often called upon to "assist Berlin" in entertainments, for which they do not get credit. The Potsdam Mayor, in announcing the offer, emphasised the fact that political considerations are not affected by the original vote. The Radical "Boersen-Courier" says that if the English guests should refuse to include Potsdam in their visit they would only be properly displaying that self-respect with which Englishmen generally are rightly credited. On the other hand, the "Courier" also points out that the offer of the "anonymous diplomatist" is evidence of the sincere desire of Government circles to repair Potsdam's unfortunate, if unintentional, gaucherie.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay city reported from 6 a.m. on the 14th July to 6 a.m. on the 15th July :—

	Attacks	Deaths.
Plague.....	4	3
Total mortality for to-day from all causes		94
Same date last year.....		108
Small-pox.....	4	3

CHOLERA RETURNS.

The following are the returns of the cholera cases and deaths for the 24 hours ending 15 a.m. yesterday :—

	Attacks	Deaths.
Total.....	9	7

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 15th July, 1912.

155. Instructions—A lecture will be delivered by an Officer R G A in the R G A Lecture Room, Colaba, on Tuesday 16th July 1912, at 6 p.m.

Subject :—Port War Station and Examination Service.

Mufti may be worn.

Officers and Members of Volunteer Units are invited to be present.

157. Meeting—A meeting for all members of the Corps will be held in the Town Hall on Thursday 18th July, 1912, at 9 p.m.

Every member is particularly requested to attend.

Dress,—Plain clothes.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A., Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 16th July, 1912.

403. Parade—"G" Company will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana on Wednesday, the 17th instant, at 7 a.m.

Dress—Mufti.

Arms will be issued on parade.

404—Rifle Club—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted to the Rifle Club for matches 5 and 6 on Sunday the 21st instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain, Adjt., B. V. B.

Mr. Bruce Peeny, of Luton who has been appointed town clerk of Lambeth at a salary of £870, rising to 1,100 with additional fees for special work, will be the youngest holder of such an office in the metropolitan area. Thirty-three years of age, he was the youngest of some fifty candidates for the post. Five years ago he was the youngest of a large number of applicants for his present position at Luton. Prior to that when he was twenty-three, this youth assisted his success as a candidate for the deputy town clerkship of Northampton. Mr. Peany formerly practised in Southampton as a solicitor.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other." would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street London. Established over 35 years.

VOLUNTEERS IN BOMBAY.

Annual Reports of Rifles and Light Horse.

A SUCCESSFUL YEAR.

The annual reports of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles and the Bombay Light Horse for the season 1911-12 have been issued.

That of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles commences :—

"The Commandant is glad to be able to report a further increase in the strength of the Corps during the year under report, the strength being 866 on 31st March, against 791 on same date last year, and it is satisfactory to note that this is due to an increase in the number of adults. The number of adults, however, is still far short of 500, and the Commandant, while thanking those who have assisted in bringing about this increase during the past year, would urge on all ranks to help individually in making a further increase during the year 1912-13."

The report describes the part which the Corps took during the visit of the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress to Bombay and mention that detachment composed of Lieut. C. M. Ward and 15 Non-Commissioned Officers and men represented the Corps in the composite Volunteer Battalion at the Delhi Durbar Concentration, Colonel R. W. L. Dunlop, V. D., the report continues, represented the Corps during the Coronation celebration in London, and on several occasions was in command of the Contingent of Indian Volunteer Officers. He received the Coronation medal and was also present at the Delhi Durbar.

The following officers, non-commissioned officers and men received Durbar Medals :—Major P. R. Cadell, Captain C. N. Moberly, Lieutenant C. M. Ward, Cr.-Sergeant H. T. Gorrie, Cr.-Sergeant P. R. Soundy, Sergeant R. H. Fido, Sergeant S. Vardon, Sergeant J. Clark, and Corporal E. Chislett.

The Sergeant-Major's quarters, which were under construction at the close of last season, have since been completed and are now occupied. The construction of the new Drill Hall is the next requirement to be taken up. It is hoped that it will soon be possible to take in hand the collection of funds for this most necessary provision.

The results of the Annual Course of Musketry compare very favourably with last year and a further increase in musketry efficiency is looked for during the coming season. The Corps Rifle Club has proved of assistance to many of the weaker shots especially by affording them practice on the Miniature range. It is, however, insufficiently supported by the members of the Corps, and it is hoped that many others of all ranks will join it. Among the adults there are 142 marksmen, 141 first class shots, 139 second class shots, and 2 third class shots. In the Cadet companies there are 29 marksmen, 52 first class shots, 213 second class shots, and 1 third class shot. The Rifle Meeting was again held on the Corps' ranges at Ghat Kopar. The entries were up to the average of former years, but the Commandant would like to see a further increase in the numbers taking part in this valuable portion of volunteer training. The results showed a great increase in marketry efficiency on last year.

The Battalion parades were held as usual on the Oval and were well attended, the average attendance (including lining the streets) being 280 against 182 of last year, this increase being due to Cadets having attended the majority of the parades held. The Commandant against desires to impress upon all ranks the necessity of regular attendance at the Battalion parades which are a preliminary to the more advanced training obtainable in Camp. The time in Camp ought to be devoted to more practical work on wider principles, but if the men have not received the necessary preliminary practice in working together, the effect of the instruction imparted in Camp is considerably reduced.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

The report of the Bombay Light Horse says :—

It is a great pleasure to the Officer Commanding to be able to report that the last year was in many respects the most successful in the history of the Corps. The number of recruits who joined was 19, and there were transferred from other units 4. But as usual there was a very large wastage on account of the number of members who were either transferred from Bombay or who left India. This resulted in a loss of 14 members. The Corps had also to mourn the loss of one of its most active and popular members in Corporal Howie Blair, who died of enteric fever on May, the 17th, 1911. The effect of these changes was that the enrolled strength on 31st March, 1912, numbered 80, and the extra efficients 78. This is by far the best result that has ever been attained, the nearest approach to it being that of 1908-09, when there were returned 71 extra efficients and 5 non-efficients, or a total on the rolls of 77.

The standing camp at Santa Cruz opened on the 11th of November, 1911, and was not closed until the end of the following April. This camp was established with a view to providing for members of the Corps cheap and comfortable accommodation in the sub-Salsette country, so that they might enjoy the open-air life there which is not practicable in Bombay, and train themselves and their horses over the Salsette country, which is the natural field of operations for the Corps. As the advantages of the camp have come to be appreciated, it has been largely utilised. Some 14 members of the Corps resided in it during the cold weather, and on holidays and week ends this number was largely exceeded. The advantages of the camp are now so manifest that it has taken its place as one of the permanent features of the Corps and a lease has been secured of the land, which ensures the possession of certainly one of the most pleasant camping places in Salsette.

This was the second year of the new musketry course, which has made rifle shooting so much more interesting and practical for Volunteers. It saw a very considerable improvement in the shooting efficiency of the Corps. Some preliminary practice was carried out on the range at Colaba during the rains, and the official course was fired at Santa Cruz. The figure of merit was Marksmen 24, First Class Shots 37, out of a strength of 78. Last year's record was Marksmen 19, First Class Shots 34, out of a strength of 70 efficients.

In many respects the year was one of exceptional activity. The Corps formed part of the escort on the arrival of Their Imperial Majesties the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress on December 2nd, 1911, it participated in the Royal Proclamation Parade, with all mounted units in the Station, on December 12th, and joined in the Royal escort of Their Imperial Majesties on the occasion of their departure to England, on January the 10th, 1912. His Imperial Majesty was graciously pleased to express his appreciation of the efficiency of the escort and in commemoration presented to the Corps signed photographs of himself and of Her Imperial Majesty, which will remain a cherished memento of a historic event.

Whilst thanking the members of the Corps for the active support they have given him during the year and the keenness and energy revealed in the very satisfactory nature of the work, the Officer Commanding would impress on all ranks the necessity for active recruiting, so that the strength of the Corps may be brought up to at least 100. The annual wastage caused by removals and transfers is extremely heavy, and can be compensated for only if every member regards recruiting as one of his duties. The Officer Commanding would also impress upon all ranks the importance of training themselves as thoroughly efficient Scouts. A certain number of men will be especially selected for this duty and will wear scout badges: and every officer and man should regard a considerable degree of efficiency in scouting as one of the essential accomplishments of efficiency.

B. V. B. TEAM FOR BANGALORE.

For the first time in their history the Bombay Volunteer Rifles will send a regimental team to compete at the Southern India Rifle Meeting, which is to be held at Bangalore, and will open on Sept. 9th. The team will leave Bombay on the 6th of September, and will be back at headquarters on the 23rd. This result may be ascribed to the increased interest in rifle-shooting, which has been produced in the corps by the formation of a Rifle club.

The team will consist of the following eleven members :—Captain E. G. J. Byrne, (Adjutant); Sergt.-Major Wale, Quartermaster-Sergt. Soundy, Col.-Sergt. Gidney, Sergt. J. Clark and Vols. G. Collyer, R. Collyer, Dankerley, W. Clarke, Lattey and Veeners.

DRUM AND FIFE BAND.

Lieut.-Col. the Hon. A. Hill-Trevor, Commanding Bombay Volunteer Artillery, who was recently a Captain of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, has kindly presented his old Corps with a set of fifes—twelve fif s and two piccolos—for the formation of a drum and fife band.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

Great Win by the Bombay Gymkhana.

CACUTTA RESULTS.

GYMKHANA (4): BYCULLA M. INST. (0)

Bombay Gymkhana won a fine victory on the Cooperage last evening over the Byculla Mechanics' Institute, piling up a score of four goals to nil. The Mechanics had out their usual team, but the Gymkhana were at last able to include Moir, and also tried Onslow, who has figured so successfully at centre-half, at centre-forward. Sim reappeared and did well at left half. Unfortunately, Muir was ill and did not sparkle as in the old days, but he played a fairly sound game. Onslow was, perhaps, not as good as he might have been, but it would not be altogether fair to pass a final verdict from yesterday's play. He put in lots of good work, and actually scored two of the goals. Roger was in goal, and but for one mistake—carrying—did exceptionally well. the little amount of work he was asked for. He brought off one remarkably fine clearance.

The Mechanics began the game, but the Gymkhana were first to attack, Hargreaves being prominent. A corner was forced in the first minute. The Byculla men rallied after they had cleared this, but Muir sprinted back, and centred neatly. Major intercepted the ball and kicked back. After this corner had been cleared easily, play ran evenly for a time, and then the Gymkhana attacked, but were driven back before they became dangerous. They returned, however, Muir leading the way; but the final work was spoiled by Osborne. Smith who was hauled up for being off-side. Onslow then tried to get through, but his shot was kicked out by Jackson. The corner was cleared, but the Gymkhana continued to attack until Cupper gave "hands." The free to Byculla did not help them much, and Cupper was not long before he again tried Smith with a fairly hot shot. The goal-keeper fielded the ball alright, but he kicked out weakly and Onslow smartly drove the ball between the posts. After this Byculla asserted themselves, and attacked for a brief period. Muir eventually got a splendid shot in, but Roger got to the ball in the nick of time and saved brilliantly. Up and down play ensued for some time, but the Gymkhana eventually took up the attack again, and were conceded three or four corners, all of which proved of no avail. After the Mechanics had paid another visit to the other end, Onslow got away and shot. The ball was handled by one of the opposing backs in the penalty area, but the Referee, apparently, did not see the incident. A good shot from Moir was charged down, and at half-time, Sim who had been playing an excellent game, was in a favourable position. The score at the interval was :—

Bombay Gymkhana..... 1 goal.
Byculla Institute..... nil.

On the restart Byculla were first to get away, but were hauled up for "off-side". Play was then transferred, and almost throughout the second half the Gymkhana pressed. The Mechanics' defence—Major, always the best—was steady, and prevailed until about ten minutes from time when the Gymkhana forwards took charge of the game. Osborne-Smith opened the second lot of scoring with a particularly hot shot. Onslow scored the third goal, and Hargreaves the fourth, the last an exceedingly fine performance. The final score was :—

Bombay Gymkhana..... 4 goals.
Byculla Institute..... nil.

The teams were :—

Bombay Gymkhana :—Goal, Roger; backs, Deane and Wilmott; half-backs, Morris, Barratt and Sim; forwards, Hargreaves, Osborne-Smith, Onslow, Cupper and Moir.

Byculla Institute :—Goal Smith; backs, Topper and Ridley; half-backs, Major, Brian and Mollineaux; forwards, Mungavin, Muir, Jackson, Peel and Alcock.

Referee :—Mr. H. Elliott.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League table :—

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. For	A.	P.
Royal Warwicks ...	6	5	1	0	16	3	11
Bombay Gymkhana...	6	3	1	2	12	5	7
R. A. Temperance ...	5	3	1	1	8	5	7
R. G. Artillery ...	5	2	2	1	9	6	6
Byculla M. I.... ...	6	1	2	3	4	10	4
Hornets	5	2	0	3	4	13	4
Bombay Athletic ...	6	1	1	4	8	9	3
Y. M. C. A.	5	1	0	4	6	12	2

CALCUTTA SHIELD.

CALCUTTA (2): MOHANBAGAN (1),

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

In the second round of the I. F. A. Challenge Shield, Calcutta met the Mohanbagan Athletic Club (holders of the Shield). The match was played on the Calcutta ground and drew about 60,000 spectators, mostly Indians. Great enthusiasm prevailed, but the police managed the crowd remarkably well. In the first half the Indians had decidedly the best of exchanges and at times pressed their opponents within their twenty-five. Sen-Gupta as the centre half played a remarkably fine game and fed his players continuously and judiciously. O'Shea tried his best to stop Roy but failed more often than not. Although the Indians netted once the score was disallowed on the ground that Bhaduri was offside. The teams crossed over with a clean sheet.

The Indians showed to prominence and, Roy centering magnificently, Sarkar beat Steuart with a beauty amidst much enthusiasm. For a little while Calcutta seemed to be at sea, but the speed of Sherman stood them well, and they scored twice within four minutes of one another. Three minutes more and play ceased.

ROYAL IRISH (3): E. I. RAILWAY (0).

In the I. F. A. Challenge Shield Competition, the Royal Irish Rifles met the E. I. Railway. The Rifles beat the Railway on the Rangers' ground by 3 goals to love.

CRICKET.

PATHARE PRABHU vs BANK OF BOMBAY.

This match was played on Sunday on the Oval and resulted in a win for the Pathare Prabhu 4 wickets and 44 runs. Scores :—

BANK OF BOMBAY.—Mr R P Shroff, b B A Talpade, 0; Phillips, c and b B A Talpade, 9; Y A Navalker, c Navalker b Dharadhar, 15; M Vagal, b Dharadhar, 10; Milline, b Dharadhar, 2; B Dorabji, b Dharadhar, 1; Loshaheed, c M A Talpade b Dharadhar, 11; J S Gonsalves, l b w b B A Talpade, 2; Almeda, run out 0; B A Talpade, b H V Navalker, 33; J A Dibbs, not-out 2; extras 4—total 89.

PATHARE PRABHU—V L Jayaker, b Vagal, 7; M A Talpade, c Gonsalves, b Vagal, 24; S R Desai, b Vagal, 1; B G Rane l b w b Y A Navalker, 1; A G Ranjit, run-out 31; B A Talpade, l b w b Vagal, 22; A S Dharadhar, not-out 3; N V Navalker, not-out 4; Did not bat B V Navalkar, V M Jayaker, R G Rao; extras 10—total 103.

FRIENDS' UNION C. C. vs. EMPIRE C. CLUB.

This mach was played on the Esplanade ground on Sunday and resulted in a win for the Friends' Union C Club by 97 runs. Scores :—

FRIENDS' UNION C. CLUB :—S A Shete, (captain) c Nayak b Belsare 43; S D Thakur, b Powar 19; T G Joshi, c Paterfeker b Powar 23; Vithal, c and b Powar 3; W B Talpade, b Belsare 1; D A Shete, b Belsare 4; G H Bhatwadekar, c Chowdhari b Ambre 21; W G Shete run out 10; T W Joshi, c Powar b Belsare 0; G R Gorakshe, b Belsare 0; Bhagwanji not out 1; extras 11—total 136.

EMPIRE C CLUB :—P A Shete, c and b Talpade 6; R K Valverker, run out 2; S B Mahajan, b Bhatwadekar 0; V M Ambre, b Bhatwadekar 2; K B Taterbekar b Talpade 0; Belsare, c Shete W G b Shete S A 11; Powar, c Joshi V G b Talpade 0 1 N S Nayak, B Talpade 0; I B Taterbekar, b Bhatwadekar 2; B V Merchant, c Joshi T W b Shete W G 1; G P Chowdhari not out 11; extras 7—total 89.

RAILWAY NOTES.

(FROM "INDIAN ENGINEERING.")

The extensive remodelling of the Saktigarh Station, (E. I. R.), which is 59 miles from Howrah, has been sanctioned, which will facilitate the expeditious working of trains over the Howrah district of the East Indian Railway.

The Rohilkhand and Kumaon Railway Company intend extending the goods sheds at the Lakhimpur and Golakranath stations on the Lucknow-Bareilly State line in order to provide increased accommodation for dealing with the large goods traffic at these two places.

The following promotions for the second half of 1912, of Assistant Engineers on the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway have been made with effect from the 1st instant, namely, Messrs. E. C. H. Condon and W. A. Kirby from Rs. 650 to Rs. 700 per mensem; Messrs. R. H. Middleton, D. H. Stent, and C. W. M. Collins from Rs. 450 to Rs. 550 each, Messrs. A. H. Campion, A. J. May, and M. K. Cooper-King from Rs. 400 to Rs. 450 each, and Messrs. G. E. R. Slade, A. G. Haigh, and H. R. M. Macmillan from Rs. 350 to Rs. 400 each.

Arrangements have been made by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway for a telephonic connection between Matunga New C. and W. Workshops and the City Fire Brigade in Bombay, a very necessary precaution, although the shops have, we believe, their own fire extinguishing installations as well. The Lahore Carriage and Wagon shops disaster a couple of years ago was a lesson.

The South Indian Railway are improving the electric lighting of Tanjore Station by the substitution of metallic filament lamps for the present carbon lamps and raising the candle power from 25 to 50 with the addition of an arc lamp at the west, and platform where extra carriages are attached to trains for Erode junction.

Three steamers are being built at Home for the South Indian Railway Company by Messrs. A. and J. Inglis, the well-known shipbuilders, for use on the Indo-Ceylon ferry connection by rail and sea, and they will be provided with complete oil fuel installations, in addition to the coal burning equipment. There will, therefore, always be a standby in the event of accident.

The Parel Signal Shop, of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Bombay, has been manufacturing permanent-way points and crossings, for its own use, on a small scale, and that the Company contemplate the provision of more machines and equipment on a larger scale which will be capable of turning out 150 sets of points and crossings per half-year. The installation will, it is understood, comprise pneumatic tools and air compressing plant complete.

It is believed that some large orders have recently been placed locally with Bombay timber merchants for the supply of Burma teak and Nepal sal logs to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Carriage and Wagon Department, namely, 2,000 tons of Burma first-class teak squares; 800 tons of teak boards, 3-4 inch by 5-8 inch; 300 tons of Best Nepal sal logs; 200 tons of first-class Indian selected crown teak logs, L. M., L. R., or L. brands, 32 feet and over; 50 tons of 1 inch teak boards; 300 tons crown L. R. teak squares; and 400 tons first-class selected crown L. and L. R. teak squares.

It is believed that the Jamalpur Locomotive workshops of the East Indian Railway on their loop line will be renewing a dozen locomotive engineers 0—6—0 type, 5 feet 6-inch gauge, and a dozen 0—6—0 tender of a 2,500 gallon capacity, when the necessary materials for the same have been received from England this year. The Jamalpur shops do, we believe, a lot of their own locomotive and boiler work from imported raw and finished materials.

There is often a doubt in people's minds as to the carrying capacity of a light railway on the two feet 6-inch gauge, but the management of the Bukhtiarpur-Behar Light Railway have certainly shown that light railways are capable of copying successfully with extraordinary rushes of traffic. At present time the Land Mela at Rajgir is in progress and we have been favoured with the approximate figures of traffic for the first two weeks. During the first week, 28,000 passengers were carried and during the second week no less than 68,688 passengers and the earnings amounted to over Rs. 20,000 for the week. We understand that these figures will most likely be enhanced when the final audit is complete. During the main rush no less than 20 trains a day ran and for one or two days 24. This we consider is a very fine performance for a light railway.

It is believed that the Burma Railways had started work on the Sittang River "Bell" Buad as lately designed by Mr. James R. Bell, M. Inst. C. E., the river training expert, for the protection of the Pegu-Moulmein line in the vicinity of the Sittang, which it crosses a few miles above the mouth and where it threatened erosion.

ROMANTIC DISCOVERY.

Bedsteads and Linen 6,000 Years Old.

Another sphinx, weighing ninety tons, and carved from a single block of alabaster, has been unearthed at a point between the world-famed Colossi on the water-logged plains of Memphis, in Egypt. For hundreds of years it has lain in a recumbent position buried beneath the sands on the road to Sakkareh. To-day it is half-exposed to view and next year is to be raised to a vertical position above the waterline.

This newly found sphinx was betrayed in its hiding-place by its tail, which Mr. Mackay, one of the students of the British School in Egypt, discovered about a year ago. This year, when the water on the plain subsided, the complete figure was excavated, and was found to measure some 14 feet in height and 26 feet in length. Alabaster being a rock foreign to the neighbourhood, the new sphinx ranks as the largest that has ever been transported. The figure bears no inscription, but is considered by Professor Flinders Petrie, the director of the British School in Egypt, to have been carved about 1300 B. C. Many other remarkable discoveries, taking the mind back as far as 5500 B. C., and lifting the veil of centuries from Egypt's romantic story, have also been made by the same school, and, with the exception of a red granite group of Rameses II. and the god Ptah, which will be sent direct to the Ny Carlsberg Museum at Copenhagen, and a few other details are now on exhibition at University College, Gower-street. They include many objects quite new to Egyptologists.

Amongst these are coffins made of basket work, reeds or withies, sandal trays, an axe handle, in which the grip is composed of delicately knotted string, a pot of unburnt incense for a thank-offering of 4000 B.C., and numerous pieces of timber, showing by their formation the principles of building construction that were in vogue nearly six thousand years B.C.

Most of the relics come from Tarkhan, an extensive cemetery about 35 miles south of Cairo, which dates from the earliest historic age down to the Pyramid period. The site is the most northerly upon which Professor Petrie has conducted excavations, and the result have been most gratifying. In spite of the great antiquity of the graves the objects found are in a remarkable state of preservation. There are bedsteads with hoof-like feet, which although nearly 6,000 years old, look capable of sustaining a fair weight to-day, and long rolls of soft linen cloth, also 6000 years old, but as tough and pliable as any modern texture straight from the loom. One of the withy hampers, now in the Cairo museum, although of the same age, had the small leaf-buds of the withies still showing when it was found. Some of the bedsteads even retain the rush webbing and plaited palm fibre.

The graves of the early Egyptians were always well provided with such necessaries as were thought essential for the spirit of the departed when it again materialised. Consequently the relics from Tarkhan include headrests (some of them carved out of trees trained specially into peculiar shapes), sandals, large jars of food, (and various vessels of gypsum and semi-transparent alabaster. Some of the vases bear the name of Mena, the earliest known Egyptian King. They are considered by some experts to be a tribute corresponding to the modern floral wreath.

A beautiful piece of work consists of a "ribbon" of beads so threaded as to form intelligible hieroglyphics. The discoverer of this relic informed our representative that quite extensive portions of beaded dress material were also discovered, and are on the way to England. Amongst the numerous minor articles that demand attention is a New Year's bottle, a small two-handled piece of pottery supposed, by the inscription that it bears, to be the customary type of New Year present to the head of the house.

Evidence is also provided of the lack of historical sentiment in the Roman occupants of Egypt by numerous examples of inscribed Egyptian tablets that have been used as hearth stones, door lintels, and mill stones. There is also ample evidence of the belief that sacrilege amongst the tombs was more common in the earlier periods of Egyptian history than in later periods.

OSTRICHES FOR CEYLON.

Interesting Experiment by Mr. John Hagenbeck.

POSSIBLE NEW INDUSTRY.

An experiment, writes the "Ceylon Observer," which if it proves successful should provide a valuable industry for the north of the island is to be undertaken by Mr. John Hagenbeck. It is nothing less than an attempt to introduce ostrich breeding in Ceylon, and which is is expected will meet with its greatest success in the north, thus providing an additional industry for that section of the island, a problem which the Governor referred to, when Baron Schrottky's indigo process was first laid before the Agricultural Society some three or four months ago. Discussing the project with an "Observer" representative the other day, Mr. Hagenbeck said he saw no reason why the rearing of ostriches should be at all a difficult matter here. His brother (Mr. Carl Hagenbeck), had made successful experiments in Hamburg, "and if," said Mr. Hagenbeck, "we can rear ostriches in Hamburg, with its cold and rain and fog, and a climate very similar to London, there should be no difficulty in raising them here."

The climate, Mr. Hagenbeck added, was somewhat against ostriches in Colombo, but the north would be very suitable, he thought. A pair of ostriches would arrive in about a couple of weeks' time from Bombay, and it was his intention to first experiment in Colombo. He would endeavour to try and get a piece of land from the Government, and if this was not possible he would place them in his own garden, and there make the first observations. The two ostriches are being obtained from Zanzibar. There is, of course, a certain amount of difficulty experienced in importing the birds, and to introduce them from South Africa was prohibitive. Birds could, however, be obtained from the Congo and the French colonies in Africa, and so this difficulty could be overcome. In connection with this Mr. Hagenbeck mentioned that even South Africa was importing birds from these areas, and showed the "Observer" representative a cutting in support. From this cutting it appears that the South African industry was threatened owing to the difficulty of getting a suitable bird from Northern Africa for crossing purposes. After great difficulties some birds were obtained. There is a big supply of birds in the French Soudan but the penalty here for removing them is a month's imprisonment.

Asked as to whether there would be any difficulty in rearing birds in the tropics, Mr. Hagenbeck replied that he did not think there would, seeing that so many of these birds lived in the tropics in Africa. In the northern part of Ceylon, there is only a matter of about 25 inches of rain a year, and he thinks both soil and climate here is quite suitable for ostrich breeding. An ostrich he says required very little attention, no more than a goat. He would like to start a syndicate here for the purpose, and anyone who wanted to take an interest in ostrich farming should write to him as only a very small capital is required. There would be a big demand for the feathers, and besides breeding the birds it would pay afterwards to export them to the northern parts on India.

Mr. Hagenbeck is getting an incubator out from England. The birds he is importing at Bombay at present and have already laid eight eggs. He regretfully wishes it had been possible to get them down to Colombo before this interesting event had occurred. Turning to the financial side of the affair, Mr. Hagenbeck stated that the income from each ostrich for eight months in the year should amount to from four to ten pounds. Good feathers are obtainable after the third year, and each breeding couple will produce from fif

A BOGUS MARQUIS.

Extraordinary Career of a Trigamist.

A case is before the Paris courts, which promises to afford no small amusement to frequenters of the courts. It is that of the Marquis de Roquefeuil, who is being attacked by the Roquefeuil family for usurpation of title. The police have been more or less engaged upon various delinquencies of this adventurer for some years past, and have at last, with infinite patience and difficulty, built up his record, which constitutes a romance equal to that of any "penny dreadful."

The hero is Jules Reiss, one of four brothers, one of whom died twenty-four years ago in Paris, and another of whom, after being condemned for swindling, fled to Tangier and ended his life there. M. Jules was always a favourite with the ladies, and wore his hair long and an eyeglass fixed over one eye. In 1888, he married a Mlle. Carteron quite regularly, but lived a most irregular life until she suddenly disappeared, and does not seem to have been heard of since. Between whiles he kept house with a famous dancer, taking the title of Comte de Nelles. He then embezzled a thousand pounds from a too confiding "ouvreuse" of the Opera, for which he was sentenced to five years in default, having taken the precaution to escape to Algeria. Here he started in business as a wine merchant, and, being seized with a domestic fit, married a Mlle. Lapoint, under the name of his brother, Henri, whose papers he had stolen.

He next founded a newspaper, but spent more money than he made, and began to grow tired of his second wife and his three children. Entering upon a correspondence by postcard with a Mlle. Dagand, he induced her to meet him at Dover, and, leaving his business and his identity behind him in Africa, he was married for the third time in a registrar's office under his true name. As long as his new wife's money lasted everything went happily. But when he had run through it he vanished and established himself as an antique dealer at Batignolles. Here, through an agency, he was introduced to the rich widow of Count La Bourneraere, and, taking the style of Marquis de Roquefeuil, he persuaded her to marry him on June 7, 1909, at the same "mairie where, twenty-one years before, he had wedded Marie Carteron. An ex-Ambassador was amongst the witnesses of this fashionable union.

About a year ago he was prosecuted for bi-gamy and confronted with Mlles. Lapointe and Dagand, his second and third wives, but they failed to recognise him. The sleuth hounds of the law have finally discovered that both these ladies had been persuaded by the faithless Jules to screen him. It appears that it was through an old servant of the real marquis that Jules Reiss obtained possession of the papers necessary to establish a claim to the title.

In a preliminary examination numerous witnesses recognised him as the husband of Marie Carteron and of Mlle. Dagand, but the accused protested that he was not Jules at all, but Charles Adolphus Reiss, his brother, who died in 1877, and whose death certificate was produced to convict him of falsehood. Up to the present he meets all charges with an ironic smile and a bland deprecatory denial.

HIGH COURT—JULY 16.

(Before the Hon'ble Justice Sir DINSHA D. DAVAR.)

Short Causes.

933-11 Edg G W and Co Manekchand Kapurchand vs Ghimanlal Nihalchand and others Motichand and D.

444-12 Madh K and C Madhowji Virjee vs Meghji Lakhmidas.

447-12 Ard H D and Co D B Petit vs Mulji Pradhan and another Tadachanji and P.

536-12 Payne and Co Binraj Jethmal vs Raghunath Sukhdeo a firm.

573-12 Malvi H M and R Bhikhanchand Kanajalal vs Parasram Khubchand Madh K and C

583-12 Dubash and P Sadabai vs The Gresham Life Ass Co Ld Craigie B and C

610-12 Moti and D Ishwardas Modi vs Oonkerdas Ganeshdas.

611-12 Little and Co Vishram Vasudeo vs S Wagh Sinchaun B and Co.

612-12 Rach band N S C Kothare vs Sakhatsinghji Mohansingji,

614-12 Vachha and Co Manekchand Virchand vs Asgarally Dawoodbhai Moti and D.

657-12 Mehta and D Kapadia Dolla and Co vs Sha Raghemath Tarachand

677-12 S B Mehta Tribhowandas Malgaldas Nathubhai vs Gungadas Joothabhai.

686-12 Ard H D and Co Messrs. Ardeshir H D and Co vs E E Gorey and Co.

682-12 Sram M and H S D Nadirsha vs D B Patel Dubash and P

702-12 Sub and G V K Salockar vs Govindji Vasanj Long Causes.

86-03—Dastur Rupram Madan Gopal vs Y R Jankiram and another Dikshit.

229-11—Motichand—Ishwar Mohi vs Tarachand Lakmandas and another—K Sayani.

943-10—Edgelow R Nanabai vs S Dadha K Sayani.

826-2576-10—Jam R D Sadhooram Tansukrai vs Harakchand Balchand—Payne.

677-11—Sram M H Ramambai Edg vs Mahomed Mulji Jeh S.

718-08—In Person P C Fernandes vs I D Fernandes Kanga and S.

436-07—Payne Dayanath Krishnanath vs D R Khote Jam R D, M J M Khanderao Edg Manch N Sh M H.

1154-09—Daphtary—The Indian Specie Bank Ld vs H N V kil and another Payne.

587-08—Daphtary—Karsondas Dharamsey vs Khimji Purshotum and others Pestonji.

583-08—Daphtary—Karsondas Dharamsey vs Khimji Purshotum and others Pestonji.

539-08—Daphtary—Karsondas Dharamsey vs Khimji Purshotum and others Pestonji.

596-09—Daphtary Do. vs Do. Pestonji.

11-12—Mehta D—Karmatibai Boojabhai vs N B Chawan and others—Jamsetji.

998-08—S A Tyabji—Krishnaya Subhaya and others—Narandas Kanji—Little.

1041-08—Ardeser—Ruttonbai widow vs Lakhmivahoo widow—Bn K G Payne—Captain Dastur.

556-12—Motichand—B Purshotumdas vs H Harmukhrai Malvi.

17-12—Ardesir Harabhai vs Jamnabai Shroff.

1054-11—Mulla Sukhaboo vs A A A H Manajiwala Municipal Jehangir Mulla.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice HEATON.)

Long Causes.

491-09—Little—Vithaldas Narrandas and another vs Narotumdas Jetharam and others Dikshit.

733-05—Craigie—S. A. Wagh and others vs B. S. Wagh and others—Malvi

Long Causes.

733-10 Captain Damji Heerji vs R Heerji and others Wadia Payne Little.

160-11 Cap and V Haji Mahomed Ebrahim Shaik Bhojan vs Samsudin Pathan and other Ghit and M and Mirza M and M.

524-11 D'Cunha D P Mistri and others vs Bachubai widow and others Dadachanj D'Cunha D B Mehta.

745-11 In Person Bibibai widow and another vs Ahmed Esmail Nathoo and others Payne.

732-92 Mauri Saraswatibai widow vs C Gajanana and another Daphtary.

378-11 Pestonji N M Sett vs D S Gareewala Jamsetji

21-09 Mehta D S K Patel vs Chandrabhagabai widow and others Tyabji D and Co Mehta D.

159-10 Mulla T A K Msmajiwalla and others vs S Zafferbhai and others Bicknell.

1105-09 Jehangir G B M Vajeshanker Desai vs P Virji and others Daphtary.

736-11 Captain S B Bottlewala and Co vs A F Upper Bicknell.

1002-11 Hiralal Co C G Huwen vs F Jaffer and others

101 11 Payne D P Mehta vs B Bhannubhai Edgelow.

47-09 Raghavaya Mariambai vs Ayshabai Edgelow.

663-11 Unwalla and F Hakimji Amiji vs Abdul Hoosein Kasimji Areikala Moti and D.

825-11 Bagh N and Co Balgowandas Bapolal vs Mohanlal Pitamber Dagh F and D.

791-08 Pest R K and Co P C Sethna vs the Hope Mills Co Ltd Bhai K and G.

722-10 Bick M H and Co S Gurmukhrai vs Panalal Takhariehand Jain and D.

618-11 Tyabji and and Co Chimanlal Damodardas vs Dayabhai Tapidas Sham M and H.

1005-09 Payne and Co Vazirahoo vs Miyaji Ahmedbhai Dagh F and D

776-11 Cap and V S B Bottlewalla and Co vs A Fetterie Nopper and another Bick M H and Co.

HAVE YOU THELMA? This is the question we hear many times a day from admirers of good perfume. THELMA has more admirers than the most popular young lady. At MADON, SONS & Co. The Original MADON'S, Crawford Market, Bombay.

MEN AND MATTERS.

The great success of the Irish Players lends especial interest to the proposed establishment of a Welsh National Theatre, which, if it materialise, should be of great artistic value. So far, however there appear to be difficulties in the way of the scheme, in that there is at present a shortage of plays by Welsh authors on subjects of genuine national interest. It will be interesting to see whether a real demand for the type of plays required will bring about the necessary supply. Meanwhile, the first step towards securing the foundation of a Welsh National Theatre has been made by the production at Cardiff of Dr. Naunton Davis' "The Human Factor." It is a happy omen for the success of the movement that the reception of this play has been so favourable.

By officially restoring the old bugle calls, which had been suppressed for some time, M. Millerand, the French Minister of War, has achieved great popularity among the "pioupious." In his proclamation M. Millerand points out that the re-establishment of the bugle calls, "which mark the chief moments in regimental life," cannot fail to exercise a "happy effect on the spirit of the soldier by restoring to the barracks an entirely desirable gaiety and animation." He therefore decrees the re-establishment in all regiments provided with bugles of the reveille, the "dinner call," the muster, and the curfew.

The Handel Festival now in progress recalls an unusual—probable unique —incident which occurred a few years ago, when the whole choir went on strike, owing to the Crystal Palace Company failing to provide the singers with separate refreshment rooms and other accommodation. An ultimatum was dispatched on the first day of the Festival, and on the singers' demands not being acceded to the whole of the choir refused to utter a note when Sir Michael Costa took up his baton. This unrehearsed incident lasted for some little time, when the Crystal Palace manager sent word to Sir Michaels to request him to announce to the singers that the desired accommodation would be provided immediately. The Festival then proceeded in due harmony, and there was an end to what is probably the shortest strike on record.

The Festival itself was originally given in Westminster Abbey, and the official notice of 1790 announced that "no ladies will be admitted with Hats, and they are particularly requested to come without Feathers and very small Hoops, if any." As ecclesiastical law demands that female worshippers shall cover their heads in church, this regulation was curiously anomalous. A suggestion "in regard to ladies' headgear was also made by Sir Frederic Cowen in 1906, when he gave it as his opinion that the ladies might discover in their wardrobe some "extremely fascinating flat hats," which would not obstruct the view. The "fascinating flat hats" were, however, chiefly conspicuous by their absence, owing presumably (we write subject to feminine correction) to the fact that the flat hat was not among the fashions of that year.

General satisfaction is likely to be felt at the fact that the Royal National Lifeboat Institution has not placed a ban on the employment of publicans in the lifeboat service. A rule was certainly proposed that the keeper of a public-house should not be appointed or retained as coxswain unless no other qualified person were obtainable, but it has not been adopted. In view af the fact that members of the lincensed victualling industry have done and are doing much to support the lifeboat service, both in money and by personal service, members of the industry resented the stigma which it was thought had been placed on them. It is now clear, however, that the Committee of Management of the Lifeboat Institution have no intention of taking any action of the kind.

The United States are to have an institution based on the French Academy, if the Bill for granting a charter to the "National Institute of Arts and Letters," which has already passed the House of Representatives, be sanctioned by the Senate. Unlike the French Academy, which contents itself with a modest 40 members, the American Institute has already drawn up a list of 150 "Immortals," including ex-President Roosevelt, and George Ade, the author of the delightful "Fables in Slang" and of a play recently seen in London. Artists, authors, musician, and in general "contributors to American education" are eligible for membership, including members of Congress. Of the last-named there is, however, only one among the immortal 150—Senator Henry Cabot Lodge.

Assuming it to be a genuine relic of the highwayman, the pistol bearing the inscription that it was presented to Dick Turpin, which was discovered during the demolition of the Globe Room of the Reindeer Inn, Banbury, may give rise to an interesting problem. The question is whether it belongs to the purchasers of the ceiling, the lessee of the inn, the freeholder of the inn, to the Crown, which confiscated Turpin's property on his demise, or to any of his heirs-at-law, if such there be. Finally, should it be regarded as treasure trove? The purchasers of the ceiling of the Globe Room have stated that they are willing to waive any rights in the matter if it be presented either to the British Museum or to the local museum at Banbury.

Queen Alexandra, it may be recalled, was not the first to unite the Royal houses of Britain and Denmark. In the days before the Stuarts came South two of them wedded daughters of Danish kings. James III., at Holyrood in 1469, married Margaret, daughter of Christian I., and their great-granddaughter was the beautiful and ill-fated Mary. Her son James married by proxy, in 1589, Anne, daughter of Frederick II. She was his third cousin, and from them descended George II., whose daughter, Princess Louise, became Queen of Denmark and was ancestress of Queen Alexandra's mother. Probably no Royal lady of any time has been so intimately related to such a large number of kings and queens as Queen Alexandra. Her father and mother were king and queen, her husband was a king, her mother-in-law was the late Queen Victoria, her son is now king of Great Britain, her daughter is Queen of Norway, a sister was for some years Czarina of Russia and is now Dowager-Empress, one brother was the late King of Denmark, another brother is King of the Hellenes, one of her nephews is Czar of Russia, another nephew is now King of Denmark, and another nephew, who is also her son-in-law, is King of Norway, while a fourth is destined to be King of the Hellenes.

No man has been so closely associated with the industrial development of South Wales as Lord Merthyr, who was sufficiently recovered from his recent illness to be able to accompany the King and Queen on their tour through a representative colliery and iron and steel district in the Principality. His peerage is of such recent date, being one of those conferred at the Coronation twelve months ago, that he is still better known as Sir William Thomas Lewis, a title he had borne for over half a century, first as a knight and later as a baronet. Many of the most important industrial organisation in South Wales owe their origin to Lord Merthyr, among them being the Monmouthshire and South Wales Mining Association on the employers' side, and the Miners' Provident Fund for the same discrict on the men's side, of each of which he was chairman for very many years. He has held the presidency of most of the mining and engineering institutes of Great Britain, and has even found time to act on the Tariff Commission. During his seventy-five years he made but one attempt to enter the House of Commons, this having been in 1880, when as a Conservative, he unsuccessfully fought his native borough of Merthyr-Tydvil.

The Marquis of Bute, who has participated in the reception of the King and Queen in South Wales, is one of three kindred peers who have ancestral associations with the town, the other two being the Earl of Plymouth, whose seat of St. Fagan's Castle is in the neighbourhood, and the Earl of Pembroke, whose title of Baron Herbert of Cardiff, his oldest peerage, is just one day older than his earldom. The seventh Earl of Pembroke left no son, and an only daughter, through whose marriage to Thomas, Viscount Windsor, the Cardiff property came eventually to the Bute family. The present Lord Bute was a minor when he succeeded to the family honours. So was his father, the late Marquis, who was only about six months old on the death of his father, the second Marquis, under whose auspices the great dock development of Cardiff began. The second and first Marquises also became peers at an early age, while the father of the first Marquis—who was none other than the Earl of Bute who was Prime Minister—was a child of less than ten when the death of his father made him third Earl.

No, "any tonic" won't do —Get Sanatogen

The doctor's parting caution emphasises a conviction based upon knowledge and experience. The doctor *knows* that the ordinary "tonic" is nothing but a temporary stimulant. He *knows* that his patient needs something which will *actually nourish* the run-down nervous system—which will convey to the cells the very substance of which they are built up, and he knows that this very substance is scientifically combined in Sanatogen, which is in truth a definite organic compound of pure milk-proteid and glycero-phosphate of sodium, the two great essentials for nerve repair.

The Great Invigorator.

The doctor *knows* that the claims made for Sanatogen have been abundantly verified by scientific investigation—that its merits have been acclaimed by leading authorities and by thousands of his brother physicians. Last, but not least, he knows from his own experience what Sanatogen is capable of doing. He has watched its rejuvenating effect upon people whose nerves had been undermined by worry, overwork or illness. He has observed, too, how wonderfully it improves appetite and digestion, how it promotes sleep, how it conveys fresh vigour and vitality to the overworked body and mind—in short, how wonderfully it strengthens the forces that make for perfect, vibrant nerve-health.

For Convalescence in Tropical Diseases.

The supreme value of Sanatogen, both as an energising tonic and as a highly nutritious and concentrated food, is vividly shown by its effects on convalescents from Malaria, Dysentery, and other tropical diseases. On this subject, Dr. Beheim, writing in the "Colombo Independent," says:—"If any remedy should find the widest appreciation in tropical countries it is Sanatogen. Not only in my opinion, but in the opinion of many well-known medical men, there is no preparation which is as powerful to restore vitality, no better tonic and none more suitable to convalescents from tropical diseases."

Another doctor writes from Dum-Dum, Bangore:—"I have used Sanatogen with most gratifying results in several cases convalescing from Malaria, Dysentery and Typhoid. It is a nerve tonic of highly nutritive value and stimulating influence. I recommend it highly and prescribe it whenever necessary. Furthermore, I have tried it personally and have derived great benefit from its use."

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The Hon. Mr. Justice Robertson, Judge of the Supreme Court, Lahore, Punjab, writes:—"My experience with Sanatogen has been very favourable. I took it for some months during the most trying season of the year, and found it a great strengthener."

Sir Charles A. Cameron, C.B., M.D., etc., writes:—"Sanatogen is a substance of the highest nutritive value, containing as it does a large amount of organic phosphorus, in exactly the form in which it can be easily absorbed. It is an excellent nerve food."

Mr. Shirley Tremearne, Editor of "Capital," 98, Clive Street, Calcutta, writes:—"I cannot speak too highly of Sanatogen, it not only kept me up during a sharp attack of fever, but afterwards restored me once more to full vigour. In fact, I was better and stronger after this course of Sanatogen than before the attack."

"The Medical Times" says:—"There is no doubt whatever that the nutrition of patients taking Sanatogen improves wonderfully, due, in all probability, to its being easy of assimilation and to the organic absorbable phosphorus which it contains."

Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., the popular Novelist, writes: "20, Carlton House Terrace, S.W.—I have used Sanatogen with extraordinary benefit. It is to my mind a true food tonic, feeding the nerves, increasing the energy, and giving fresh vigour to the over-worked body and mind."

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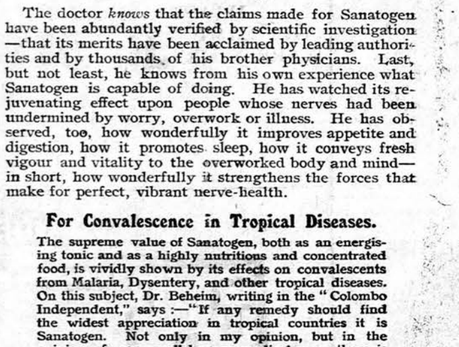

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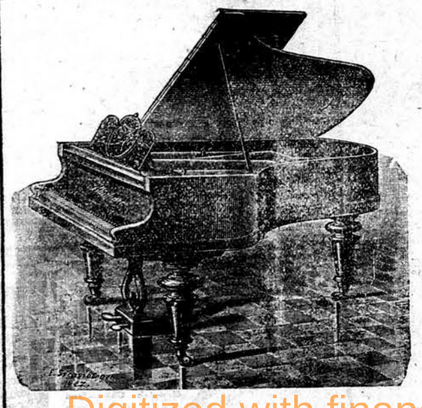

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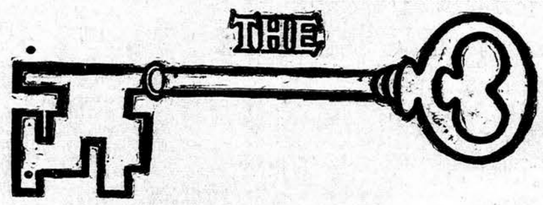

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Acts like a Charm in DIARRHŒA and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.
Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.
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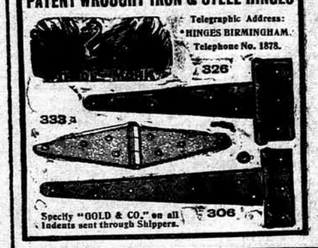

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